4.20 ELECTRICITY (448)

4.20.1 Electricity Paper 1 (448/1)



- 1 (a) Classes of materials
 - (i) Conductor silver, copper, gold, aluminium.
 - (ii) Semi-conductor carbon, silicon, germinium.
 - (iii) insulators PVC, porcelain, rubber, mica.

Classification $(3 \times \frac{1}{2}) = 1 \frac{1}{2}$ marks examples $(3 \times \frac{1}{2}) = 1 \frac{1}{2}$ marks 3 marks

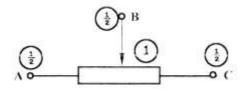
- (b) Career profession or occupation chosen as one's life's work. $(1 \times 1) = 1 \text{ mark}$
- **2.** (a) **Four** characteristics.
 - Self confident.
 - Optimistic.
 - action oriented.
 - Futuristic.
 - achievement motivation.
 - respond positively to challenges.

 $(any 4 x \frac{1}{2}) = 2 \text{ marks}$

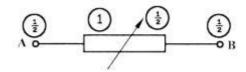
- (b) (i) Discharge the capacitor by shorting the terminals (1) guard against contact with any part of the body.
 - (ii) Be dressed so that no (1) part of the clothing may accidentally be caught up in the rotating part of the machine.

 $2 \times 1 = 2 \text{ marks}$

3. (i) Potentiometer.



(ii) **r**heostat



Terminals $(6 \times \frac{1}{2}) = 3$ marks

Correct diagram $(1 \times 2) = 2$ marks

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4. (a) W = Pt(1)

Ecolebooks.ĉ@m#6h+^3#2h+^3.5#3h+^5#2h



= 29.5 kwh (1)

(b) Cost of electricity

 $= ^29.5 \text{kwh} # 7.00 \text{h} # 30$ (1)

= 6195 (1)

= 100 + 6195 = 6295 (1)

 $(6 \times 1) = 6 \text{ marks}$

5. (a) - Number of turns. $(\frac{1}{2})$

- amount of current. $(\frac{1}{2})$

- Type of core material. $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

- ratio of length to width of coil. $(\frac{1}{2})$

 $(4 \text{ x} \frac{1}{2}) = 2 \text{ marks}$

(b)

<u>.</u>

- lines of flux around the conductor. 1

- Lines of flux between the magnets. (1)

 $(2 \times 1) = 2 \text{ marks}$

6. (a)
$$R_2 = \frac{5V - 1V}{2mA} = \frac{4}{2} = 2 KX$$

(b) e = 5 + (2 ma # 2 k)

7. (a) - Lamp holders.

- Bulbs/tubes.

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 $(4 \text{ x} \frac{1}{2}) = 2 \text{ marks}$

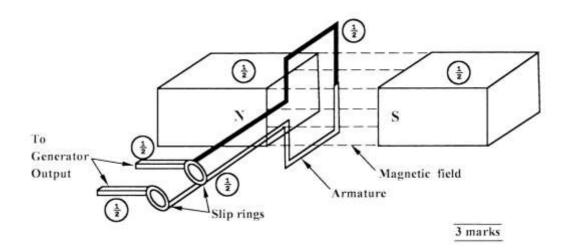
- (b) MiMS sheathing is made of copper while PVC sheathing is made of PVC.
 - MiMS has a good heat resistance while PVC cannot withstand high temperatures.

any $1 \times 2 = 2 \text{ marks}$

- **8.** (a) Separately excited.
 - Shunt wound.
 - Series wound.
 - Compound wound.

 $(any 2 x \frac{1}{2}) = 1 mark$

(b)



- a loop of conductor is rotated between poles of a pair of magnets. $\frac{1}{2}$ The loop is mounted in a such away that it is free to be rotated between the fields of the two magnets.
- If the loop is rotated and cuts the magnetic flux, an emf is induced $\frac{1}{2}$ in the loop.
- The two ends of the loop are connected to two copper rings called slip rings which provide a path for the induced current to the external circuit.

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$$= 32 + 8 + 4 + 1$$

$$=40+5=45_{10} \stackrel{1}{\stackrel{2}{2}}$$

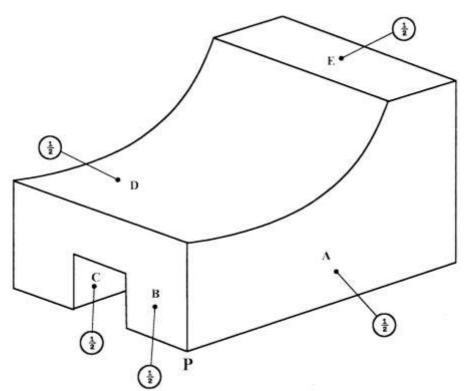
$$= 1 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0_{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

a	В	Q	
0	0	1	$\frac{1}{2}$
0	1	0	$\frac{1}{2}$
1	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$
1	1	0	$\frac{1}{2}$

5 marks

- (c) (i) Zener diode shorted
 - Zero voltage across **r**1.
 - (ii) Zener diode open
 - increased voltage across **r**1. (1)





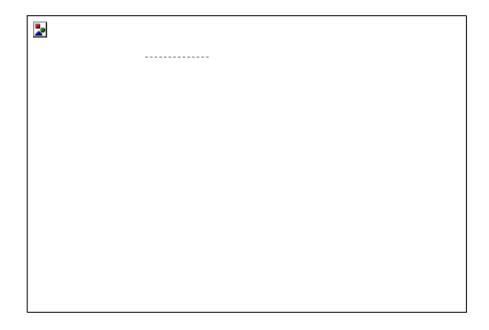
Correct position of P	=	1
Correct faces:		
a	=	$\frac{1}{2}$
В	=	$\frac{1}{2}$
C	=	$\frac{1}{2}$
D	=	$\frac{1}{2}$
e	=	$\frac{1}{2}$
Neatness / proportionality	y =	$\frac{1}{2}$
Curves $(2 \times \frac{1}{2})$	=	1
TOTaL	=	5 marks

SECTION B

- 11. (a) Ecolebooks. completed is the maximum value, positive or negative of an alternating quantity.
 - (ii) Period is the time taken by an alternating quantity to complete one cycle.
 - (iii) Frequency is the number of cycles of an alternating quantity completed in a unit time. (1)

 $(1 \times 3) = 3 \text{ marks}$

(b) Waveform



axes - 1 Peak values - 1

Wave form - 1

Period - 1

4 marks

(i) Frequency,

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\boxed{1} & \boxed{\frac{1}{2}} & \boxed{\frac{1}{2}} \\
f = \frac{1}{T} = c \frac{1}{40ms} = \frac{1}{0.04} m = 25Hz
\end{array}$$

2 marks

(ii) average value,

Vav = 0.637 # Vmax
= 0.637 # 12 V
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

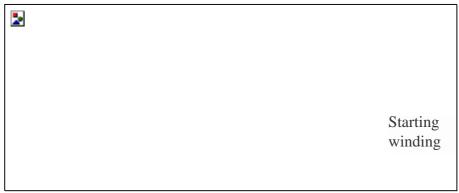
= 7.644 V $\frac{1}{2}$

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 $\frac{2 \text{ marks}}{\text{Total} = 13 \text{ marks}}$

12.



Correctness = 1 mark Components 5 x $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{\text{marks}}{\text{marks}}$ $3\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{$

- A rotating field is achieved for starting purpose by having the motor with two stator windings in order to produce a phase difference between the currents in the two windings. 1
- The method of switching the starting winding is by a centrifugal switch. This allows the starting winding to be switched off before the motor reaches its normal speed.
- Once the motor reaches its normal speed, it runs with only one winding energized.

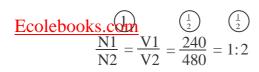
4 marks

- (b) (i) Load current $i_2 = \frac{P}{V}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $= c \frac{24000}{240} \text{ m} = 100 \text{A} \qquad \frac{1}{2}$
 - (ii) For an ideal transformer $\text{Output power} = \text{input power} \stackrel{\boxed{1}}{2} = i_2 = \frac{\text{power}}{\text{voltage}} \stackrel{\boxed{1}}{2}$

input current $i_2 = c \frac{24000}{480} \text{ m}^{\frac{1}{2}} = 50 \text{ a}^{\frac{1}{2}}$

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(iii) Transformer ratio

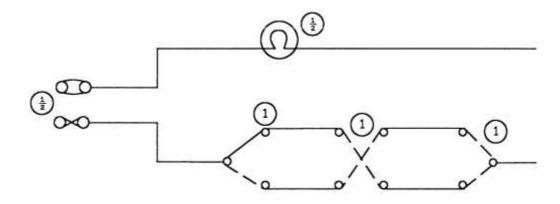




13 marks

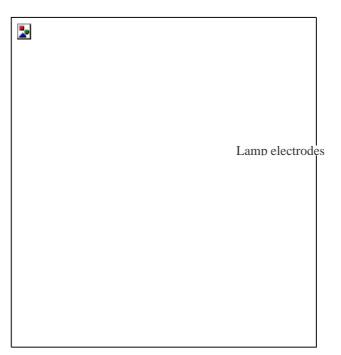
13.

(a)



4 marks

(b)



Six items labelled @ $\frac{1}{2}$ 3 Correctness = 1

Total =

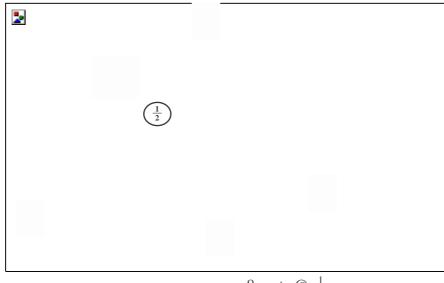
Operation

- Ecolebooks.comply is switched on with starter switch closed, arrent flows through inductor (L) and through lamp electrodes e.
- This initial currents heats the lamp electrodes in readiness for striking the lamp.
- The starting switch is now opened making a sudden interruption in the current flowing through the inductor and causing a high voltage to be induced.
- The voltage starts a discharge between the two lamp electrodes and current rises rapidly due to the inductor.
- The starter switch is left open while the lamp is alight, the electrodes maintaining their operating temperature as long as they continue to pass the discharge current.

5 marks

- **14.** (a) (i) Heating.
 - a ferromagnet metal alloy is heated to bright red hot 1 then allowed to cool in a powerful magnetic field.
 - (ii) Stroking
 - This involves stroking a piece of hard steel with one pole of magnet along the length of metal piece. 1 at the end of each stroke the magnet is lifted up and taken through a reasonable curve. The starting end takes the same polarity as the stroking pole of the magnet. 1

(b)



8 parts @ $\frac{1}{2}$ = 4 marks Low / high current circuit = 2 marks TOTaL = 6 marks

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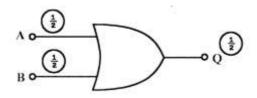
- When the remote switch is closed. Current flows through the coil making it an electromagnet. (1)

- Ecolehooks comgnet attracts the armature which closes the circuit.

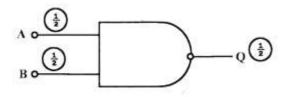
The load in the controlled circuit then operates and when the switch is opened, the load stops to operate.

9 marks

15. (a) Or gate



(ii) NaND gate



 $(6 \text{ x } \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ marks})$

(b) Truth table for NaND gate

a	В	Q
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

inputs $(4 \text{ x } \frac{1}{2}) = 2$ Output $(4 \text{ x } \frac{1}{2}) = 2$ 4 marks

- (c) inspect the top plug, cable and kettle for burn-out signs. 1
 - Open the top plug $\binom{1}{2}$ and check for loose connections.
 - Check for fuse continuity. (1)
 - Check for continuity of cables/conductors. (1)
 - **r**emove the element and check continuity (1) of the element. $(1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$