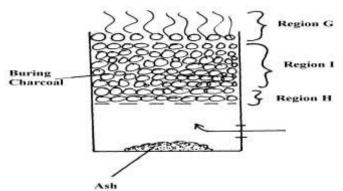
Carbon and its compounds

- 1. (a) State **one** use of graphite
 - (b) Both graphite and diamond are allotropes of element Carbon. Graphite conducts electricity whereas diamond does not. Explain
- 2. Below is a simplified scheme of solvay process. Study it and answer the questions that follow:

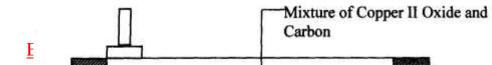
Brine

a) Identify gas R.

- b) Write an equation for the process III.
- c) Give **one** use of sodium carbonate.
- 3. A burning magnesium continues to burn inside a gas jar full of carbon (IV) oxide. Explain.
- 4. The diagram below shows a jiko when in use



- (a) Identify the gas formed at region **H**
- (b) State and explain the observation made at region ${\bf G}$



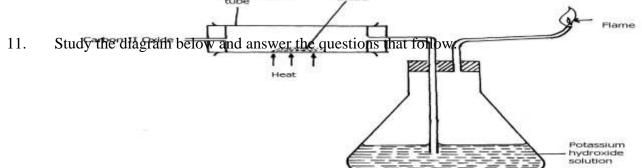
EcoleBooks

5. Study the diagram below and use it to answer the questions that follow.

(a) State the observation made in the combustion tube.

- (b) Write an equation for the reaction that took place in the combustion tube
- (c) Give **one** use of **P**
- 6. (a) Identify two substance that are reacted to regenerate ammonia gas in the solvary process(b) Write down a balanced chemical equation for the reaction above
- 7. When the oxide of element **H** was heated with powdered Carbon, the mixture glowed and Carbon (IV) oxide was formed. When the experiment was repeated using the oxide of element **J**, there was no apparent reaction
 - (a) Suggest **one** method that can be used to extract element **J** from its oxide
 - (b) Arrange the elements **H**, **J** and Carbon in order of their decreasing reactivity
- 8. (i) Diamond and silicon (IV) Oxide have a certain similarity in terms of structure and bonding. State it
 - (ii) State one use of diamond
- 9. (a) What is allotropy?
 - (b) Diamond and graphite are allotropes of Carbon. In terms of structure and bonding explain why graphite conducts electricity but not diamond
- 10. The diagram below shows a charcoal stove with different regions

- (a) Write an equation for the formation of the product in region **B**
- (b) How would one avoid the production of the product at **B**? Give a reason for your answer



- (a) Explain the observation made in the combustion tube during the experiment
- (b) Write an equation for the reaction that takes place in the combustion tube
- 12. Diamond and graphite are allotropes of carbon:-
 - (a) What is meant by allotropes?
 - (b) How do they differ in their structure and bonding
- 13. Study the experimental set-up below:

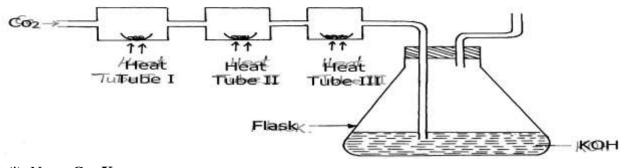
- a) State two observations made in the set up as the experiment progressed
- b) By use of a chemical equation, explain the changes that occurred in the boiling tube
- c) Why was it necessary to burn the excess gas?
- 14. The diagram below shows the heating curve of a pure substance. Study it and answer the questions that follow:

⁽a) What physical changes are taking place at **H** and **W**?

- (b) What are the physical states of the substance at **Y** and **K**?
- (c) Using the simple kinetic theory of matter, explain what happens to the substance between points A and C

- (d) The substance under test is definitely not water; Give a reason for this
- (e) What would happen to the melting point of this substance if it were contaminated with sodium chloride?
- (f) What happens to the temperature between points **B** and **C**?

15. Study the set-up below and answer the questions that follow:



- (a) (i) Name Gas X
 - (ii) State the effect of releasing gas **X** to the environment
 - (b) Write down equations for the reactions taking place in;
 - (i) Tube I
 - (ii) Tube **II**
 - (iii) Flask
 - (c) State the observation made in tube **III**
 - (d) Write down an equation for the reaction which could be used to generate Carbon (IV) Oxide for the above set up
 - (e) Name the reagents used to generate gas \mathbf{x} in the laboratory
 - (f) Complete the diagram above to show how excess gas \mathbf{x} can be collected
- 16. The figure below shows the stages in the manufacture of sodium carbonate. Study the diagram below and use it to answer the questions that follow.

- a) (i) Name three starting materials in the manufacturer of sodium carbonate.
 - (ii) Which substances are recycled in this process?
 - (iii) Identify the chambers in which the recycled substances are regenerated.
 - (iv) Name the substances ${\bf U}$ and ${\bf V}.$
- b) Give an equation for the reaction which occurs:

- (i) In the reaction chamber 1
- (ii) When solid V is heated.
- (iii) In the reaction chamber 3.
- c) State **one** commercial use for
 - (i) Sodium carbonate.

17. The set-up below was used to prepare dry carbon (II) Oxide gas. use it to answer the questions below it:

- (a) (i) State two mistakes committed in the set-up arrangement above
- (ii) The student produced carbon (IV) oxide gas from the reaction between Lead (II) Carbonate and dilute hydrochloric acid. The gas was produced for a short time and the reaction came to a stop. Explain
- (iii) Write the equation for the reactions taking place in the combustion tube and the conical flask:

Combustion tube:..... Conical flask

- (iv) State one use of carbon (IV) Oxide gas apart from fire extinguisher
- (v) Give **two** properties that make carbon (IV) Oxide to be used as fire extinguisher (b) $PbO_{(s)} + CO_{(g)}$ $Pb_{(s)} + CO_{2(g)}$

Which property of carbon (II) Oxide is demonstrated by the above equation?

- (c) Aluminium carbonate does not exist. Give a reason
- (d) Ammonium carbonate decomposes when heated. Write a chemical equation to represent this decomposition
- 18. State and explain the observation made when a piece of charcoal is dropped in a jar containing concentrated nitric (V) acid
- 19. When Carbon (IV) oxide is passed through lime water, a white precipitate is formed but when excess Carbon (IV) Oxide is passed, the white precipitate disappears;(a) Explain why the white precipitate disappears
 - (b) Give an equation for the reaction that takes place in (a) above
- 20. The set-up below was used to prepare a carbon (II) oxide gas.

(a) Give the name of substance A
(b) Complete the diagram to show how the gas can be collected
(c)Write the equation for the reaction