

NAME	ADM	NO
SCHOOL		••••••
STUDENT'S SIGNDAT		

233/2
CHEMISTRY PAPER II
TERM TWO
Time: 2¹/₂ Hours
FORM THREE

PAPER II

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- 1. Write your name and admission number in the spaces provided above
- 2. Sign and write the date in the spaces provided above.
- 3. Answer ALL the questions in the spaces provided below each question
- 4. KNEC Mathematical tables and students electronic calculations may be used
- 5. All working must be clearly shown where necessary

For examiner's use only:

Questions	Max. score	Candidates
		score
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
Total	80	
score		



The grid below is part of the periodic table.
 Use it to answer the question that follow.
 (The letters are not the actual symbols of the elements)



	P		Q	R	S	
T		U	V		W	X
Z					Y	

a) What name is given to the group of elements when elements where t and z belong? (1mrk)

b)

- (i) Write the formula of the compound formed in when elements Q reacts with element R. (1mrk)
- (ii) Name the bond type in the compound formed in b (i) above. (1mrk)

c)	c) Which is the most reactive metallic element shown in the table? Explain (1mk)				

d) T forms two oxides. Write the formula of each of the period of the periodic table and is in the group of elements which lose two electrons to become stable. Show the position of element H in the grid above. (1mrk)

e) H is an element that belongs to the third period of the periodic table and is in the group of elements which lose two electrons to become stable. Show the position of element H in the grid above (1mrk)

f) Draw a cross (x) and dot (.) diagram for the compound found when elements Z and Y react. (1mk)

2. The table below gives the volume of the gas produced when different volumes of 1m hydrochloric acid were reacted with 0.3g of magnesium powder at room temperature (3mks)

			-			•
Vol. of hydrochloric acid (cm3)	0	10	20	30	40	50
Vol. of Gas (cm3)	0	120	240	300	300	300

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a)	Write an equation for the reaction between magnesium and hydrochloric acid	(1mk)
b)	On the grid provided, plot a graph of the volume of gas produced (vertical axis	s) against the volume
	of the acid added (Horizontal axis) (3mrks)	. •



c) From the graph, determine: (i) The volume of the gas produced if 12.5cm ² of 1m hydrochl (ii) The volume of 1m hydrochloric acid which reacted comple (1mrk)	etely with 0.3g of magnesium
d) Given that mole of the gas occupied 24,000cm ² at room ten mass of magnesium	nperature, calculate the relative atomic (3mrks)
Compound	Catalytic Chamber Heat Exchange
Nitrogen Gas	Condenser
a) State any one source of: (i) Nitrogen gas	(1mrk)
(ii) Hydrogen gas	(1mrk)
b) Name any two impurities that are removed at the purifier.	(1mark)
c) State the temperature and pressure that would lead to optime process DOWNLOAD MORE RESOURCES LIKE THIS ON ECOLEBOOL	

Ecolebooks.com d) Explain why it is necessary to compress nitrogen and hydrogen in this process (1mrk)



e)	Give the name of the catalyst chamber	(1mrk)
f)	Why is it necessary to recycle the unreacted gases?	(1mrk)
g)	Give any two commercial uses of ammonia	(2mrks)
h)	State and explain the observations made when ammonia is passet (2mrks)	ed over heated copper(II) oxide
• \		
i)		
j)	A certain mass of ammonia gas occupies 200cm ³ at 250 atmosp	heres; calculate its volume at 300
	atmospheres and 273k.	2mrks)
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
4.	(a) What is a salt as used in chemistry?	(2marks)
•••		
• \		(2 1)
b)	(i) Distinguish between a deliquescent and hygroscopic salt.	
•••		
•••		
(i)	Give use of hygroscopic substances in the science laboratory	(1mrks)
(-)		()
c)	Where potassium nitrite and gas A.	(1mrk)
,		
(i)	Identify gas A	(1mrk)

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(ii) Name the reaction undergone by the potassium nitrate	(1mrk)
d) 3.4g of lead granules were reacted with excess nitric (iv) acid to fe	orm lead nitrate solution. All the
lead nitrate solution was reacted with sodium sulphate solution.	
Write an ionic equation of a reaction between lead nitrate and sodium su	alphate solution
(1mrk)	

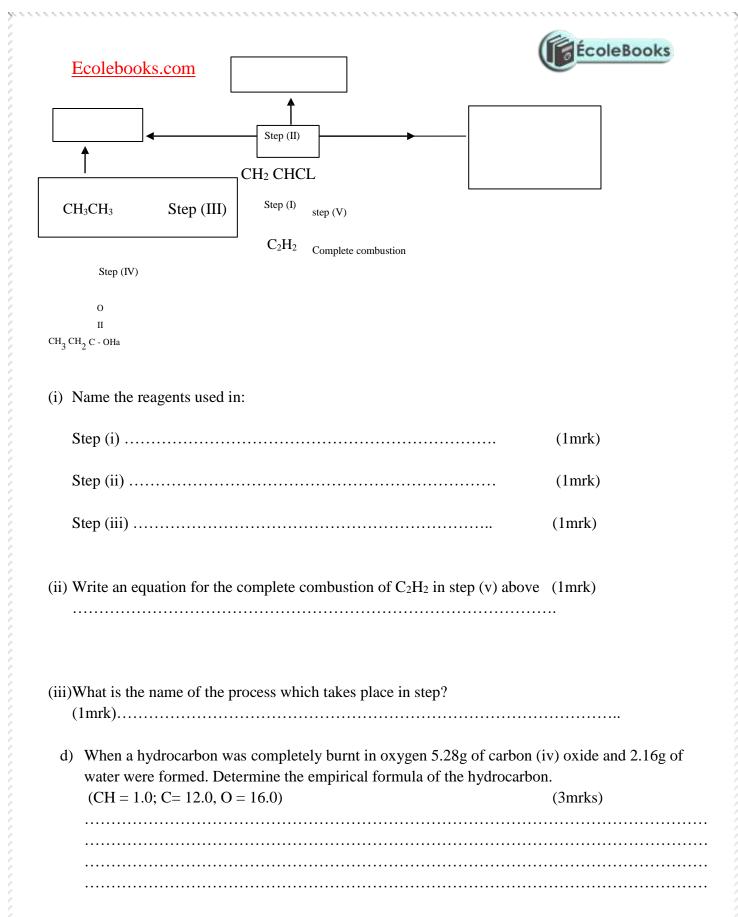


Determine the mass of the lead salt formed in	(i) above. (2mrk)
(Pb = 207, S = 32, O = 6)	
١	
Cive the HIDAC names of the following age	mmounda.
 a) Give the IUPAC names of the following cor (i) CH₃ CHCH₂ CH₃ 	
CH ₃	(1mrk)
CH3	
(ii) CH ₃ CH ₂ CH = CH CH ₃	(1mrk)
(iii)CH=CCH ₃	(1mrk)
b) Study the information in the table below and	l answer the questions that follow:
Number of carbon atoms per molecule	Relative molecule mass of the
-	hydrocarbon
3	44
4	58
5	72
Write the general formula of the hydrocarbon	in the table (1mrk)
) What name is given to the homologous series	
	(1mrk)
i)Predict the relative molecular mass of the hyd	rocarbon with 2 carbon atoms(1mrk)
•	,
	ocarbon in (11) above and draw its open structural
	(2mrk)

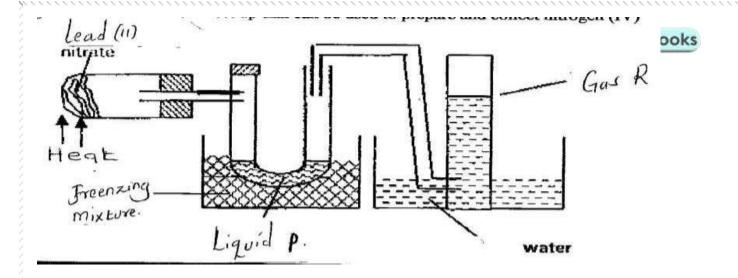
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c) Study the scheme given below and answer the questions tha
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6. The diagram below represents a set up that can be used to prepare and collect nitrogen (IV) oxide.



a)	Write the equation for the reaction that takes place in the boiling tube.(1mrk)				
b)	(i) Gas R	(1mrk)			
c)	(1mrk) Which property of Nitrogen (iv) oxide gas makes it possible to be col (1mrk)	llected as shown above?			
d)	State any two physical properties of Nitrogen (iv) oxide	(2mrks)			
e)	When pieces of burning magnesium lowered into a gas jar containing continues to burn. (i) Explain the observation made in the gas jar	Nitrogen (IV) oxide, it (2mrks)			
	(ii) Write an equation for the reaction that takes place in (i) above.	(1mrk)			
f)	What precaution should be taken when preparing Nitrogen (IV) oxide	(2mrks)			



g)	When excess lead nitrate solution was added to a solution containing sodium chloride, the
	precipitation formed was found to weigh 3.34g. determine the amount of sodium chloride in the
	solution, $(Pb = 207, Cl = 35.5, na = 23)$ (3mrks)



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7. Study the information in the table below and answer the questions that follow. These letters do not represent the symbol of an element.

Element	Atomic number	Melting point (0C)
A	11	97.8
В	13	660
С	14	1410
D	17	-101
E	19	63.7

a)	In which period of the periodic table does element E belong?	(1mrk)			
b)	B and D				
	B D	(1mrk)			
c)	Select an element which is:				
	a) The most reactive non-metal	(1mrk)			
	b) A poor conduct of electricity	(1mrk)			
d)	Which element is a liquid at room temperature? Explain	(1mrk)			