

441/1
HOMESCIENCE PAPER 1
FORM 4
MID TERM II 2020

## **MERU CENTRAL CLUSTER EXAMINATION**

KENYA CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION (KCSE)

### **Marking Scheme**

	TT 61 · 1 · .	0 1 -
-	Uses of lemon in cooking	$2 \times 1 =$
1.	- Retain colour of food/to avoid discolouration	2 marks
	- Improves nutritive value	
	- Improves flavor/taste of food	
	- Used as a garnish	
2.	Textile fibres of animal origin	$2 \times \frac{1}{2} =$
	- Wool	1 mark
	- Silk	
	- Goats hair	
3.	Difference between a scald and a burn	1 mark
	- Scald is an injury caused by moist heat/hot liquids while	
	burn is an injury caused by dry heat/flame/hot charcoal/hot	
	solid	
4.	Factors to consider when choosing sleeves for a garment	3 x 1 =
	- Style of garment	3 marks
	- Type of fabric	
	- Wearer of the garment	
	- Use of the garment	
5.	Define ventilation	2 marks
	- Process of introducing and circulating(1mark) fresh air into	
	a room/house or building so as to eliminate undesirable	
	gases and provide comfort (1mark)	
6.	Items in a first aid kit that may be used to manage a sprain	$4 \times \frac{1}{2} =$
	- Bandages	2 marks
	- Razor blade/pair of scissors	
	- Clip/safety pins/adhesive tape	
	- Ointment	
	- Pain killers	
7.	Vaccine a child is given at 9 months	2 x 1 =
	- Measles vaccine	2 marks
	- Yellow fever vaccine	
	- Vitamin a capsule supplement	



8.	Uses of loose covers on upholstery  - Protect expensive upholstery from damage and dirt  - They are easy and cheaper to maintain (launder) than upholstery  - Improve appearance/cover ugly upholstery	2 x 1 = 2 marks
9.	Meaning of the following terms in relation to colour  (a) Hue – name of a colour e.g yellow green  (b) Intensity – quality of brightness or dullness of a colour  (c) Value – lightness or darkness of a colour	1 mark 1 mark 1 mark
10.	Two factors that may affect a budget  - Loss of income/increase in income - Change in personal/family goals - Lack in commitment in following the budget - inflation	2 x 1 = 2 marks
11.	Difference between batters and dough in flour mixtures  - Batters are of flowing consistency - Dough are stiff or dropping consistency	1 mark
12.	Two positive effects of advertisement on the consumers  - Consumers have a wide of goods to choose from  - Informative  - Entertaining  - Increase demand for advertised products  - Increase competition leading to production of high quality goods	2 x 1 = 2 marks
13.	Methods of neatening seams  - Overcasting - Machining and overcasting - Edge stitching - Loop stitching - Binding - Machine zigzag/overlock - pinking	4 X 1 = 2 marks
14.	What is food fortification?  - Introduction/addition of a food nutrient into a given food	1 mark
15.	Reasons for using common salt when laundering handkerchief  To dissolve mucus To disinfect To remove any blood stains To fix colour Remove ink stains	2 x 1 = 2 marks
16.	Types of play in child development - Physical play	2 x 1 = 2 marks



-		1
	- Manipulative play	
	- Creative play	
	* *	
1.7	- Imaginative play	2 4
17.	Reasons for using facings on a garment	2 x 1 =
	- To neaten raw edges	2 marks
	- To decorate garment	
	- To provide thickness for attaching fatteners	
	- To shape and give body where applied	
10		2 1
18.	Methods of steaming foods	2 x 1 =
	- Plate method	2 marks
	- Bowl steaming	
	- Using steamer	
	- Using colander	
10 (-)		0 1
19. (a)	Cleaning the window from outside to the inside	2 marks
	- Dirt can clearly be seen from the inside of the house	
(b)	Closing window and door while sweeping	
	- To avoid dust being blown by the wind to already swept	
20	area	
20.	Ways in which old newspapers are used during the	2 x 1 =
	cleaning of a house	marks
	- Lining the shelves in the kitchen store or dust bin	
	- Wrapping dirt after weeping	
	- Cleaning the windows when using paraffin	
	- Protecting working surfaces when cleaning	
21. (a)	Cleaning a cemented floor	9marks
	- Collect equipment and materials required ½	
	- Wear mask and gloves ½	
	- Remove light furniture ½	
	- Sweep the floor ½ to remove loose dirt ½	
	- Open windows and doors to ventilate the room ½	
	- Scrub ½ the floor using a hard scrubbing brush ½ and	
	warm soapy ½ water. Use circular motion ½ overlapping	
	½ parts to ensure all parts are cleaned	
	- Wipe with a clean cloth/mop ½ wrung out of warm ½ water	
	overlapping sections and working towards the door ½	
	- Dry thoroughly ½ with a floor cloth/dry ½ mop re-arrange	
	furniture ½	
	- Clean equipment used and store appropriately ½	
	- Otean equipment used and store appropriately /2	
(b)		
	To wash and dry woolen socks	6 marks
	- Mend if necessary and wear gloves ½	
	- Take measurements and record	
	- Wash in warm ½ water with mild detergent ½ which has	
	_	
	disinfectant ½ using kneading and squeezing method ½	



	D: 11 1/ : 1/ 1/	
	- Rinse thoroughly ½ in warm water ½	
	- Squeeze ½ as much water as possible then roll ½ on a	
	towel to remove excess moisture	
	- Dry flat ½ under the shade ½	
	- Take 2 <sup>nd</sup> measurement and compare with the first	
(c)	•	
	Sponging a tie	5 marks
	- Wear a mask and gloves ½	
	- Shake to remove loose dirt ½	
	- Spread on a clean surface ½	
	- Dip the folded cloth/sponge ½ in the prepared solution/dry	
	cleaning solution squeeze ½ excess solution	
	- Clean small sections at a time ½ starting from W.S then ½	
	R.S	
	- Rinse each ½ portion appropriately	
	- Press with ½ warm iron	
	- Air ½ fold and store ½ appropriately	
	- Clean the working area	
	-	
22. (a)	Factors to consider when weaning a baby	4 x 2 =
	- Introduce new foods gradually; one type of food a time	8 marks
	- Start with small amounts with a spoon and increase	
	gradually depending on baby's reaction	½ Stating
	- Do not force the baby to eat food he/she dislikes	½ Explaining
	- Feed from a cup using a spoon	72 Daplaming
	- Ensure all feeding utensils are thoroughly sterilized by	
	boiling	
	- First food should be very soft and become less soft as the	
	baby grows	
	- Once new food is accepted, give it fairly frequently to make	
	it familiar	
	- Give food after breast feeding	
	- Ensure that milk continues to be an important part of the	
	diet	
	- Prepare food in hygienic environment to ensure it does not	
	get contaminated with harmful microbes	
	- Allow the infant to handle food and feeding implements	
	during feeding.	
	daring fooding.	
(b)	Symptoms of roundworm infestation	4 x 1 =
	- Abdominal discomforts and pains	4 marks
	- Addominal discomforts and pains - General weakness and fever	THAINS
	- May cause a dry cough	
	- Malnutrition where infection is heavy	
	- Anemia (since they feed on blood)	
	- Large round stomach in children	



	<ul><li>Diarrhea and constipation</li><li>Bed wetting in children</li></ul>	
(c)	Factors to consider when buying a sewing machine  - Affordable price - Buy from a reliable popular model - One which is user friendly - Has an instruction manual - Should be in good working condition - Amount of sewing to be done e.g domestic or commercial - Buy one which is time and energy saving.	4 x 1 = 4 marks
(d)	<ul> <li>Qualities of a well constructed handmade button hole</li> <li>Button hole stitches used</li> <li>Stitches evenly distributed/correct density</li> <li>Correct sizes of the stitches</li> <li>Well reinforced/correct stitches at the end of button hole</li> <li>The button hole stitches are neat</li> <li>Correct size button hole</li> <li>Correctly cut i.e. horizontal or vertical</li> </ul>	4 x 1 = 4 marks
23. (a)	Processes/methods that are not suitable when laundering loose coloured clothes  - Soaking (1) since it will remove the (1) colour  - Washing for long (1) time since this will give time to remove (1) colour  - Use of friction (1) method it encourages loose of colour (1)  - Wringing since it will twist the colour out from the cloth  - Drying under (1) the sun since the colour will fade (1)	4 x 2 = 8 marks
	<ul> <li>Hygienic practices to observe during food storage</li> <li>Storage equipment must be kept clean (1) to avoid attracting pest and micro-organisms (1)</li> <li>Containers used to hold cooked food should be free from cracks/chips (1) to avoid harbouring micro-organisms (1)</li> <li>Practice the principle of first in first out (fifo) (1) to prevent food spoilage. (1)</li> <li>Dry food should be stored in well ventilated (1) places free from pest to avoid food spoilage (1)</li> <li>Cover/wrap food (1) before storage to avoid contamination.</li> </ul>	2 x 4 = 8 marks
(c)	Factors that determine the repair method to be used on household articles  - Size of the tear on the article - Weight of the article - Cleaning method of the article - Effect desired	4 x 1 = 4 marks



	- Position of the tear	
	- Method of fabric construction	
	- Purpose of the article	
24. (a)	Advantages of using left over foods	
24. (a)	<ul> <li>It's economical as food left over is not wasted</li> <li>Saves time as food is only reaheated for a short time</li> <li>Saves energy as little fuel is used during reheating</li> <li>Saves labour as it does not involve food preparation</li> <li>Cost saving as a new meal can be produced without involving any purchases</li> <li>Redishing and redressing a reheated food helps one to be</li> </ul>	5 x 1 = 5 marks
	creative	
	Duties of weights and measures inspectors - Raid shops and check weights and measurement machines	5 x 1 = 5 marks
(b)	used in trade  Test machines to ensure they are accurate and in good working order  Follow the trader to ensure correct usage of machines  Check machines yearly at a small fee	
	- Check pre-packed goods to ensure they are of correct weights as marked on the packet  Reasons for caring for the sick at home	5 x 1 =
(c)	<ul> <li>Minimize on hospital expenses</li> <li>When one is not too ill to be admitted/sickness not life threatening</li> </ul>	5 marks
	<ul> <li>To nurse the aged and terminally ill within the warmth of the family</li> <li>To avoid frequent visits to the hospital</li> </ul>	
	- Lack of enough hospital funds	
	- To ensure continuous recovery after being discharged for hospital	
	<ul> <li>To give emotional support for emotionally vulnerable patients</li> <li>For a breast feeding mother to remain with the baby.</li> </ul>	
	Advantages of lining a bedroom curtains	
(d)	- Prolong life	5 x 1 =
(u)	- Protect from sunrays	5 marks
	- Make it heavy/add	
	- Make it drape well	
	- Prevent fading	
	- To add beauty/attractive	