

COMPETENCY BASED CURRICULUM
 GRADE THREE MID TERM II 2018
 SCIENCE ACTIVITIES

DATE _____

NAME _____

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| <p>1. The best soil for modelling is ____ soil.
(clay, loam, sand)</p> <p>2. Ugali, rice and potatoes are examples of food that gives a lot of _____.
(diseases, energy, food)</p> <p>3. This is _____
(panga, broom, jembe)</p> <p>4. Rules of cleanliness are called _____.
(laws, hygiene, rules)</p> <p>5. _____ tastes sweet.
(honey, lemon, pepper)</p> <p>6. We should _____ the toilet after use.
(flush, cover, wash)</p> <p>7. We use _____ for killing germs in the toilet.
(water, disinfectant, gloves)</p> <p>8. _____ are small animals which cause illness.
(germs, flowers, plants)</p> <p>9. _____ is an insect which stings.
(bee, housefly, butterfly)</p> <p>10. Lemon tastes _____.
(sour, sweet, salty)</p> <p>11. Proper use of toilets help to stop the spread of _____.
(weeds, diseases, water)</p> <p>12. Wild animals live in _____.</p> | <p>13. It is important to wash our hands before _____.
(washing, sleeping, eating)</p> <p>14. We should always eat _____ diet.
(bad, balanced, poor)</p> <p>15. The part of the body concerned with the sense of sight is _____.
(ear, nose, eye)</p> <p>16. _____ is used as a spice.
(garlic, cabbage, carrots)</p> <p>17. The unwanted plants growing in the garden are called _____.
(weeds, plants, spices)</p> <p>18. _____ changes its colour.
(termite, mosquito, chameleon)</p> <p>19. A bird moves by _____.
(swimming, flying, crawling)</p> <p>20. Roughness or smoothness of an object is called _____.
(texture, colour, shape)</p> <p>21. Trees give us shade, fruits, fuel and _____.
(clothes, timber, shoes)</p> <p>22. Spiders and ticks have _____ legs.
(clean, dirty, open)</p> <p>23. Germs live in _____ places.
(clean, dirty, open)</p> <p>24. Books are made from _____.
(cotton, trees, soil)</p> <p>25. Taking water from one place to another is called _____.</p> |
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h.a. (homes, market, forest)

where it will be used i crilled

- (filtering, transporting, boiling)
26. Which animal has no legs? _____
(tick, cow, snakes)
27. A _____ colls itself up and pretends to be dead.
(spider, millipede, snake)
28. Whn we look in the mirror we see our
(picture, image, bodies)
29. Removing weeds from the garden is called _____
(prunning, weeding, cutting)
30. A person who feels well and is able to work is in _____ health.
(weak, poor, good]
31. Latrines, toilets and urinals should always be kept _____
(dirty, clean, big)
32. We record weather on a _____ chart.
(symbol, weather, board)
33. A snail protects itself by hiding in the _____
(house, hole, shell)
34. **IS** used to make drinks.
(cassava, coffee berries, potatoes]
35. The best day for winnowing is on a _____ day.
(calm, rainy, windy)
36. Animals kept by the farmers are called _____ animals.
(wild, domestic, good)
37. Mosquitoes spread a bad disease called _____

38. On cold days we wear _____ clothes.
(cold, heavy, light)
39. The main source of heat is _____
(sun, electricity, fire]
40. _____ is used to make clothes.
(sugarcane, mango, cotton)
41. The natural home area of a plant or an animal is called _____
(school, habitat, house]
42. A whistle produces sound when _____
(blown, plucked, rest)
43. **IS** needed to make the muscles strong.
(exercise, sleep, rest)
44. After growing flowers become _____
(roots, fruits, stem)
45. Farmers use animals like _____ for transport. (goats, donkey, hen)
46. Filtering water **removes** _____
(dirt, germs, thirst)
47. We eat **the** of kales.
(stems, roots, fruits)
48. We fly kites when it is **S**
(calm, windy, sunny]
49. We put seeds in the soil to **O**
(germinate, harvest, dry)
50. A _____ is a source of water.
(tap, tank, river)

(Aids, Malaria, Typhoid)

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