

basic education

Department: Basic Education **REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

SENIOR CERTIFICATE/ NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

CIVIL TECHNOLOGY: WOODWORKING

NOVEMBER 2020

MARKING GUIDELINES

MARKS: 200

10

П.

These marking guidelines consist of 21 pages.

Please turn over

QUESTION 1: OHSA, SAFETY, MATERIALS, TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND JOINING

| | ((| JENERIC) | |
|-----|--|--|-----|
| 1.1 | 1.1.1 | E✓ | (1) |
| | 1.1.2 | C✓ | (1) |
| | 1.1.3 | D✓ | (1) |
| | 1.1.4 | H✓ | (1) |
| | 1.1.5 | B√ | (1) |
| | 1.1.6 | F✓ | (1) |
| | 1.1.7 | A/I ✓ | (1) |
| | 1.1.8 | G/K ✓ | (1) |
| 1.2 | Mak Deco Mak Nails Prev ANY ON | s strength to the original, uncoated metal. ✓ e it last longer/Preservation/Durable. orative/Enhance appearance. es metal thicker than the uncoated metal. s and screws prevent staining. vent the material from rusting/corroding. | (1) |
| 1.3 | Suff | erial safety data sheet. ✓ icient information regarding the protection of health and safety. IE OF THE ABOVE | (1) |
| 1.4 | Mate | erials can be moved manually/by means of a wheelbarrow/trolley. ✓ erials can be moved by means of machinery/builders hoist/truck/ he/tractor/conveyor/fork lift. ✓ | (2) |
| 1.5 | Dry Allow Give Dura Give Enha Resi Cost | ased paint: quickly. ✓ ws marks/smudges to be easily cleaned with water. ✓ e an elastic flexible finish. able es a decorative finish. ances the appearance. istant to cracking. t effective/Cheaper. | |

• Easy to apply. ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE

Copyright reserved

Please turn over

(2)

| Downl | oad moi | re resources | like t | his on | ECOLEBOOKS.COM | |
|------------|---------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--------------------|
| Civil Tecl | nnology: Woo | | 3 C/NSC – Mark | ring Guideline | DBE/November 202 | 20 |
| | | | | | | |
| 1.6 | 1.6.1 | Multi detector 🗸 | | | | (1) |
| | 1.6.2 | Do not bump thProtect the multiple | -detector in the instrume ti-detector og tool is no or spots wi | nt against o against mo ot used for ith a dry, so | directly after use. ✓ objects or drop it. ✓ isture and direct sunlight. a long period, remove the oft cloth. | |
| | | ANY TWO OF THE | | le eternigi | | (2) |
| 1.7 | Inser | a hole in the wall. \checkmark t the plastic plug into | | | | |
| | Align screv | | icket with t | the hole in | the wall, and fasten the | (3) [20] |



QUESTION 2: GRAPHICS AS MEANS OF COMMUNICATION (GENERIC)

| NO. | QUESTION | ANSWER | MARKS |
|-----|--|---|-------|
| 1 | Identify the elevation in FIGURE A. | South Elevation 🗸 | 1 |
| 2 | Describe the type of house that is indicated in FIGURE A. | Double-storey house/Building/Multi-storey building ✓ | 1 |
| 3 | Identify number 1. | Ridge Capping/Ridge tile/Ridge plate/Ridge ✓ | 1 |
| 4 | Identify number 3. | Fascia board ✓ | 1 |
| 5 | Identify number 4. | Overhang/Eave/Dimension line 🗸 | 1 |
| 6 | Identify the fastener indicated by number 5. | Holder bat/Clamp/Clip ✓ | 1 |
| 7 | Identify number 6. | Window/Window frame/Casement/ Casement frame ✓ | 1 |
| 8 | Identify number 7. | Shoe/Down pipe outlet/ | 1 |
| 9 | Identify number 8. | Natural ground level/NGL ✓ | 1 |
| 10 | What does <i>DPM</i> stands for, as indicated in the notes? | Damp proof membrane 🗸 | 1 |
| 11 | Identify number 10. | Built-in cupboard/BIC 🗸 | 1 |
| 12 | Recommend a suitable material that can be used for the manufacturing of number 2 in FIGURE A. | Fibre cement/Galvanised sheeting/Sheet metal/Timber/Wood/Plastic/Fibre glass/Aluminium sheeting ✓ | 1 |
| 13 | Name the TWO elevations on which number 2 is installed. | West elevation ✓ East elevation ✓ | 2 |
| 14 | Describe the purpose of number 3. | The gutter is fixed against it. ✓ It finishes off the roof. Protect roofs/rafters from rainwater. | 1 |
| 15 | Deduce ONE feature that has been omitted from the elevation in FIGURE A. | Step missing at the door ✓ Sill missing at the window | 1 |
| 16 | Recommend any TWO sanitary fitments carrying waste water other than a bath that can be installed in the room indicated by number 11. | Wash basin/Wash hand basin/Hand basin/Basin/WB/WHB/HB ✓ Shower/SH ✓ | 2 |

Copyright reserved

Civil Technology: Woodworking

DBE/November 2020

5 SC/NSC – Marking Guidelines

| 17 | What sanitary fixture carrying soil water can be installed in the room indicated by number 12? | Water closet/WC ✓ Bidet/BT | 1 |
|----|---|--|---|
| 18 | Describe the error that appears at number 6 in the elevation in FIGURE A. | The two side windows are opening to the wrong sides/No window sill/The window drawn in FIGURE A is not the same as that in the window schedule/Window opening.✓ | 1 |
| 19 | State the reference code for this plan. | QP 4 - 2020 ✔ | 1 |
| 20 | Which room will number 13 serve? | Bedroom 2 ✓ | 1 |
| 21 | What does the line between numbers 13 and 14 represent? | Electrical wiring/cable/Wiring/Wiring from light switch to light/Shows which switch operates which electrical fitting/Electrical connection | 1 |
| 22 | Differentiate between number 15 in FIGURE B and number 17 in the notes. | 15: Single tube fluorescent light. ✓ 17: Double/ tube fluorescent light. ✓ 15: Will use less electricity/Watt than 17/ 15: Will provide less light than 17/ 15: Running cost will be cheaper than 17. 15: Has one tube/ 1 x 40 Watt. 17: Has two tubes/ 2 x 40 Watt. | 2 |
| 23 | Explain the installation of brick force from the top of the window to the wall plate, as indicated by the architect. | Brick force must be installed between every course above the window up to wall plate. ✓ | 1 |
| 24 | Recommend a possible finish for the outside walls of the house. | Face bricks ✓ Plaster and paint/Plaster/Paint/Plaster finish (Smooth finish/Splatter finish/Wavy finish/Bagging finish) Cladding/Tiling | 1 |
| 25 | Deduce from FIGURE 2 which elevation does NOT have windows. | East elevation ✓ | 1 |
| 26 | Deduce the thickness of the external wall from FIGURE 2. | 220 mm ✔ | 1 |
| 27 | Name a material that can be used to close the open sides of number 16. | Wood/Timber/Stainless steel/Mild steel/Steel/Aluminium/Glass/Perspex ✓ | 1 |
| 28 | Name the town in which the proposed dwelling will be build. | Cradock 🗸 | 1 |

| | | TOTAL: | 40 |
|----|---|--|----|
| | wall on the eastern side of the building. Show ALL calculations. The length must be indicated in metres. | + 1 400 + 110 + 2 000 \checkmark +220 \checkmark = 7 060 mm = 7,06 m \checkmark OR 220 + 3 000 + 110 + 3 510 + 220 = 7 060 mm = 7,06 m | 6 |
| 30 | Give your answer in m ² . Calculate the total length of the | $= 4 m^{2} \checkmark = 4 m^{2}$ $= 220 \checkmark + 3000 \checkmark + 110\checkmark$ | 5 |
| 29 | Calculate the area of the bathroom. Show ALL calculations. | $\ell x b$ $\ell x b$ = 2 \checkmark m x 2 m \checkmark OR 2 000 mm x 2 000 mm | 3 |



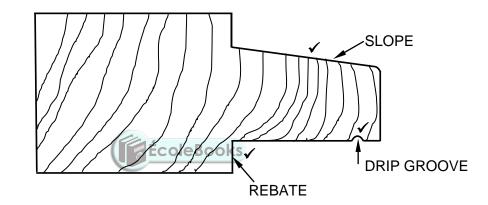
Copyright reserved

Please turn over

QUESTION 3: CASEMENTS, CUPBOARDS, WALL-PANELLING AND QUANTITIES (SPECIFIC)

- 3.1 Give ONE term for the following descriptions:
 - 3.1.1 Quadrant ✓ (1)
 - 3.1.2 Mullion ✓ (1)
 - 3.1.3 Putty ✓ (1)
 - 3.1.4 Tongue-and $-\text{groove }\checkmark$ (1)
 - 3.1.5 Top rail ✓ (1)

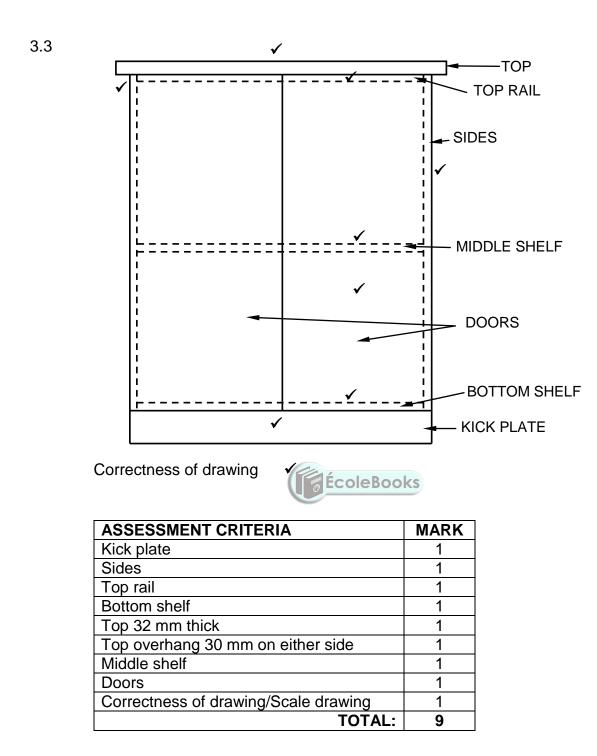
3.2



Correctness of drawing

| ASSESSMENT CRITERIA | MARK |
|------------------------|------|
| Rebate | 1 |
| Drip groove | 1 |
| Slope | 1 |
| Correctness of drawing | 1 |
| TOTAL: | 4 |

(4)

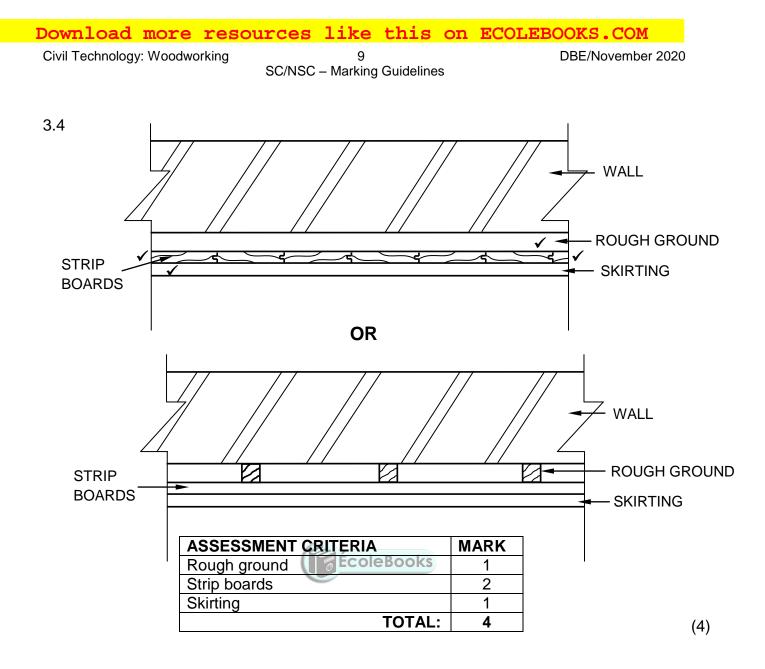


(9)

THE SIDES CAN ALSO BE INDICATED IN DARK LINES IF THE DOORS ARE FITTED BETWEEN THE SIDES

Copyright reserved

Please turn over



3.5.1

3.5.2

| Α | В | С | D |
|---|---|---|--|
| | | | LENGTH OF FASCIA BOARD NEEDED |
| | | | |
| | | | LENGTH OF THE ROOF |
| | | | 230 + 12 000 + 230 |
| | | | = 12 460 mm ✓ |
| | | | |
| | | | WIDTH OF THE ROOF |
| | | | 230 + 6 000 + 230 |
| | | | = 6 460 mm ✓ |
| | | | |
| | | | TOTAL LENGTH OF FASCIA BOARD NEEDED |
| | | | 2(12 460 + 6 460) 🗸 |
| | | | = 37 840 mm ✓ |
| | | | OR |
| | | | = 37,84 m |
| | | | |
| | | | LENGTH OF SKIRTING NEEDED |
| | | | |
| | | | INSIDE LENGTH OF WALL |
| | | | 12 000 - 220 - 220 |
| | | | = 11 560 mm ✓ |
| | | | Clert |
| | | | INSIDE WIDTH OF WALL |
| | | | 6 000 - 220 - 220 |
| | | | = 5 560 mm ✓ |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | TOTAL LENGTH OF SKIRTING NEEDED |
| | | | 2(11 560 + 5560) - 10 000 (door opening) ✓ |
| | | | = 24 240 mm ✓ |
| | | | OR OA OA M |
| | | | = 24,24 m |

(4)

(4) [30] Civil Technology: Woodworking

11

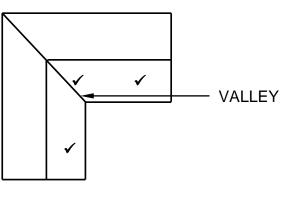
DBE/November 2020

SC/NSC - Marking Guidelines

QUESTION 4: ROOFS, CEILINGS, TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT, AND MATERIALS (SPECIFIC)

| 4.1 | 4.1.1 | Belt sander/Portable belt sander ✓ | (1) |
|-----|----------|---|-----|
| | 4.1.2 | If no personal safety equipment is worn: Dust and debris can cause eye and body injuries. ✓ Dust may damage your lungs. ✓ Dust and debris may damage clothes. Loose clothing can be caught in moving parts of the machine and cause injury. | (2) |
| | 4.1.3 | Prevent machine from being damaged by: corrosion/rust/dust/dirt ✓ moisture. | |
| | | ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE | (1) |
| 4.2 | 4.2.1 | Adjusting the height of the table of the thickness planer while in operation: Can cause injury to the operator. ✓ Can cause the wood to get stuck in the thickness planer. ✓ Can put unnecessary strain on the thickness planer. Thickness planer will stops working. Thickness planer can be damaged. | (2) |
| | 4.2.2 | Ensure that timber is free from metal objects before planing commenced. ✓ Make sure the blades are sharp. ✓ Ensure that the blade is properly fastened. ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE | (2) |
| 4.3 | Differen | t types of roof underlay: | |
| | 4.3.1 | Polypropylene/Plastic membrane 🗸 | (1) |
| | 4.3.2 | Aluminium foil or any other fireproof material \checkmark | (1) |
| | 4.3.3 | A synthetic/plastic membrane or metal waterproofing membrane 🗸 | (1) |

4.4



| ASSESSMENT CRITERIA | MARK |
|-----------------------|------|
| Inclined roof on top | 1 |
| Valley | 1 |
| Inclined roof on left | 1 |
| TOTAL: | 3 |

4.5 Eaves are closed because:

- it provides a more attractive finish. ✓
- it prevents birds from nesting in the roof.
- beam filling is not compulsory.

ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE

- 4.6 Fibre cement board is water resistant. Books
- 4.7 4.7.1 Concrete roof tiles are:
 - quite prone to chemical weathering. ✓
 - fragile and must be handled with care. ✓
 - heavier than most other roofing materials.
 - not always uniform in colour.
 - not able to resists extreme weather conditions.
 - more expensive.
 - more labour intensive.
 - porous at times.

ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE

4.7.2 Thatch roofs:

- are extremely vulnerable to fire and must be treated with fire proof chemicals before use. ✓
- are more expensive to install than other roof covering.
- demands more maintenance.
- are susceptible to decay because thatch is an organic material.
- need re-thatching of the ridge capping every four to six years.

ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE

(2)

(2)

(3)

(1)

(1)

| Download more resources | like | this | on | ECOLEBOOKS.COM |
|-------------------------------|------|------|----|-------------------|
| Civil Technology: Woodworking | 13 | | | DBE/November 2020 |

- 4.7.3 Corrugated roof sheeting:
 - Sharp edges can be dangerous. ✓ •
 - If sheets are too thin, they may bend when stepped upon. \checkmark •
 - The sheets can rust along the edges if they have been cut • using an angle grinder.

- 4.8 The trapdoor framework must be secured to the:
 - Tie beam ✓
 - Brandering ✓

4.9 Mechanical graded timber:

- Indicates the quality/strength of timber. •
- Undergone mechanical tests using machines. ✓ •
- Machine stress- grading is highly effective and more accurate than visual • grading.
- It provides a reliable and consistent method of grading timber. ٠
- Mechanically graded timber is most commonly used in engineered • connector plate roof trusses.
- Mechanically graded timber is easily available because the process is faster.

ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE

- Timber must be preserved: Fige EcoleBooks 4.10
 - to enhance the appearance of timber. \checkmark •
 - to prevent fungi growth. ✓ •
 - to prevent fungal discolouration of timber.
 - to prevent insect attacks. .
 - to protect it from the elements of the nature. •
 - to prevent shrinkage and warping. •
 - so that projects have a tough, durable, water-resistant and clear finish. •
 - to bring out the grain of the timber.
 - to make it resistant to water, heat, stains and scratches. •
 - extend the lifespan of the timber. •
 - because it takes time to decay.

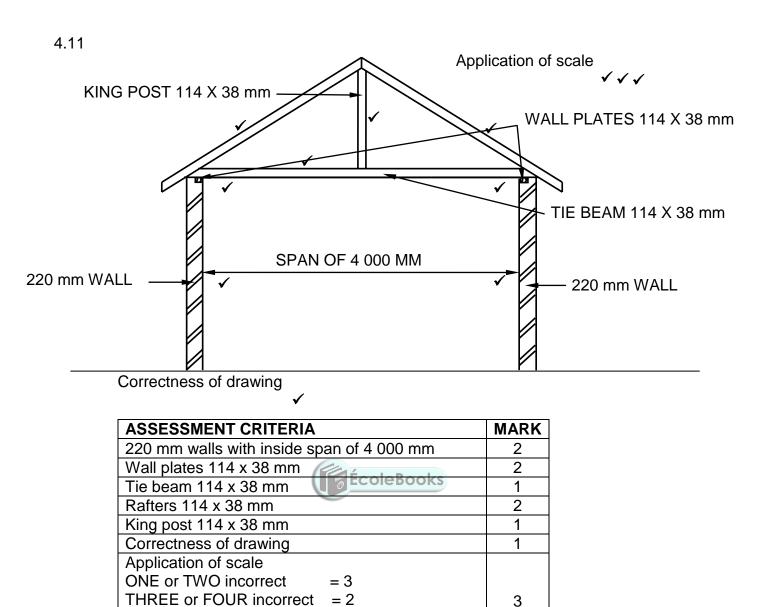
ANY TWO OF THE ABOVE

(2)

(2)

(2)

(2)



| NO measurements correct | = 0 | |
|-------------------------|-----|--------|
| | | TOTAL: |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

= 1

More than FIVE incorrect

(12) **[40]**

12

Civil Technology: Woodworking

15 SC/NSC – Marking Guidelines

QUESTION 5: CENTRING, FORMWORK, SHORING AND GRAPHICS AS MEANS OF COMMUNICATION (SPECIFIC)

- 5.1 A Rib ✓
 - B Tie/Opening between ribs√
 - C Lagging ✓
 - D Bearer ✓
 - E Horizontal brace/Strut 🗸

(5)

(1)

(1)

(1)

DBE/November 2020

5.2 An adjustable steel prop is preferred because...

- it is stronger than a wooden prop. ✓
- it can be adjusted much easier than a wooden prop.
- it can provide a much more accurate height adjustment during installation.

| ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE |
|----------------------|
|----------------------|

- 5.3 5.3.1 Double flying shore/Flying shore/Raking shore ✓
 - 5.3.2 A Folding wedges:
 Allow the raising or lowering of the dead shore to the required height. ✓ (1)
 - 5.3.3 Steel dogs:
 - are used to secure the joint between soleplate/needle and dead shore.
 - help to keep the construction more rigid/stable/firm. **ANY ONE OF THE ABOVE**

5.4

| No | Mistakes in the construction of Possible solutions to rectine | |
|-----|---|---|
| | the dead shore | the mistakes |
| 1 | The needle is not secured by | Secure with steel dog. ✓ |
| | means of a steel dog \checkmark | |
| 2 | The dead shores have no | Sole plates should be installed at |
| | soleplates. 🗸 | the bottom of the dead shores. \checkmark |
| 3 | No folding wedges. | Folding wedges should be placed |
| | | under the dead shores. |
| 4 | The needle do not rest properly | Move dead shore to the left and |
| | on the dead shore on the right | secure needle properly on dead |
| | side. | shore. |
| 5 | Needle is not level. | Set needle level. |
| 6 | No brace between the needle and | Secure a brace between the |
| | the dead shore. | needle and dead shore. |
| ANY | TWO MISTAKES WITH THE CO | ORRESPONDING SOLUTIONS OF |

ANY TWO MISTAKES WITH THE CORRESPONDING SOLUTIONS OF THE ABOVE OR ANY OTHER

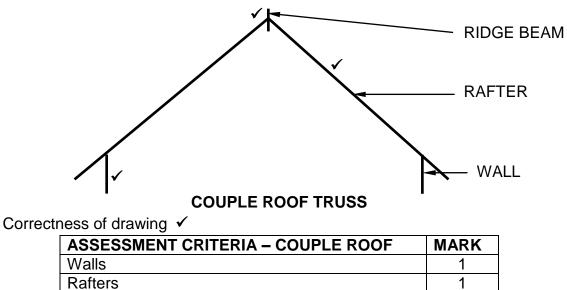
1

1

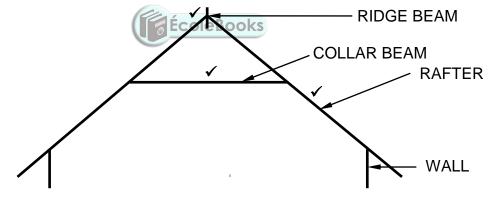
4

TOTAL:

5.5 Differentiate between a couple roof truss and a collar-tie roof truss.



(4)



COLLAR-TIE ROOF TRUSS

Correctness of drawing ✓

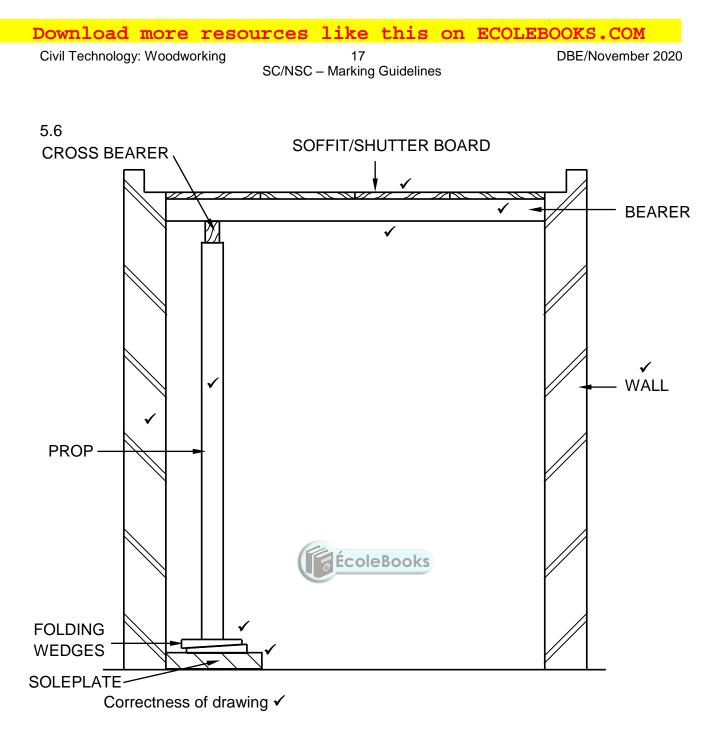
Ridge beam

Correctness of drawing

| ASSESSMENT CRITERIA – COLLAR-TIE ROOF | MARK |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Rafters | 1 |
| Collar beam | 1 |
| Ridge beam | 1 |
| Correctness of drawing | 1 |
| TOTAL: | 4 |

(4)

Copyright reserved



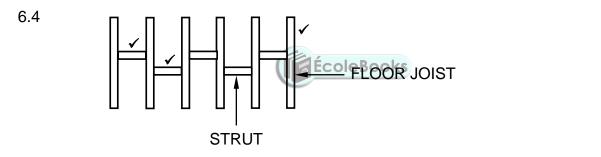
| ASSESSMENT CRITERIA | MARK |
|------------------------|------|
| Soffit/Shutter board | 1 |
| Bearer | 1 |
| Cross bearer | 1 |
| Prop | 1 |
| Folding wedges | 1 |
| Soleplate | 1 |
| Any TWO labels | 2 |
| Correctness of drawing | 1 |
| TOTAL: | 9 |

(9) **[30]**

QUESTION 6: SUSPENDED FLOORS, STAIRCASES, IRONMONGERY, DOORS AND JOINING (SPECIFIC)

| 6.1 | 6.1.1 | B✓ | (1) |
|-----|---|-----|-----|
| | 6.1.2 | A ✓ | (1) |
| | 6.1.3 | D✓ | (1) |
| | 6.1.4 | C✓ | (1) |
| | 6.1.5 | D✓ | (1) |
| 6.2 | A - Wall plate ✓ B - Floor joist ✓ C - Brick pier ✓ D – Bearer ✓ | | |

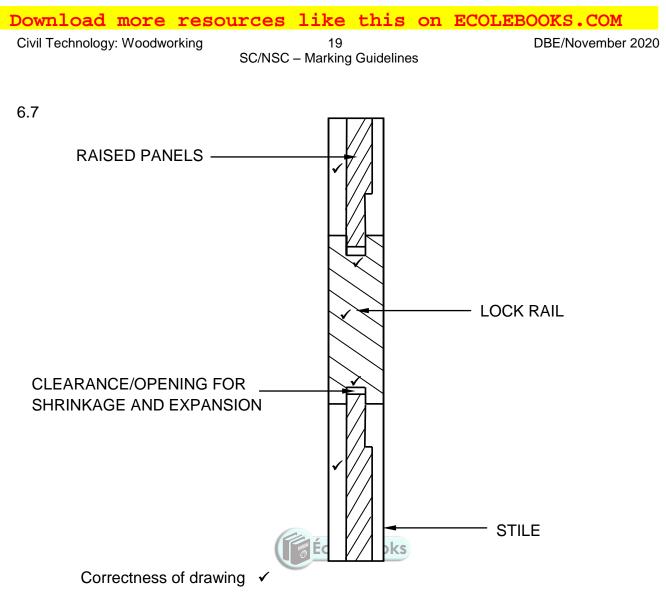
6.3 The concrete base must be wider than the brick pier in order to distribute the load imposed on it to the ground. ✓ (1)



(3)

(2)

- 6.5 Ant guards are made from galvanized steel so that it will not rust or corrode. \checkmark (1)
- 6.6 Cut cupboard bolts move in a horizontal direction. ✓
 - Drawer/till locks bolts move in a vertical position. ✓



| ASSESSMENT CRITERIA | MARK |
|---------------------------------|------|
| Raised panels | 2 |
| Lock rail | 1 |
| Clearance/opening for shrinkage | |
| and expansion | 2 |
| Correctness of drawing | 1 |
| TOTAL: | 6 |

6.8

A - Haunch✓

B - Rail/Top rail√

- C Open tenon/Tenon√
- D Stile√

(4)

(6)

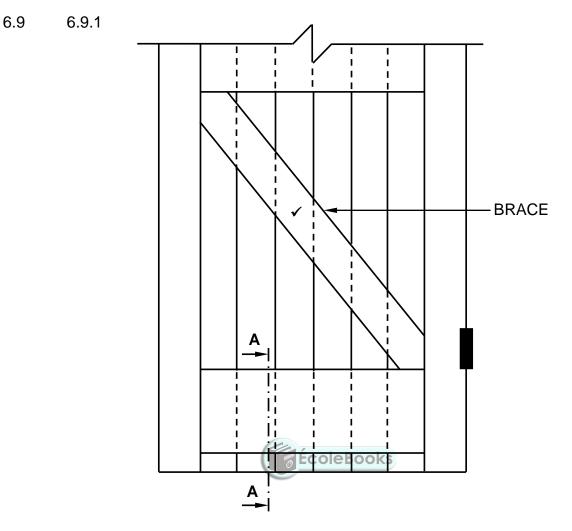
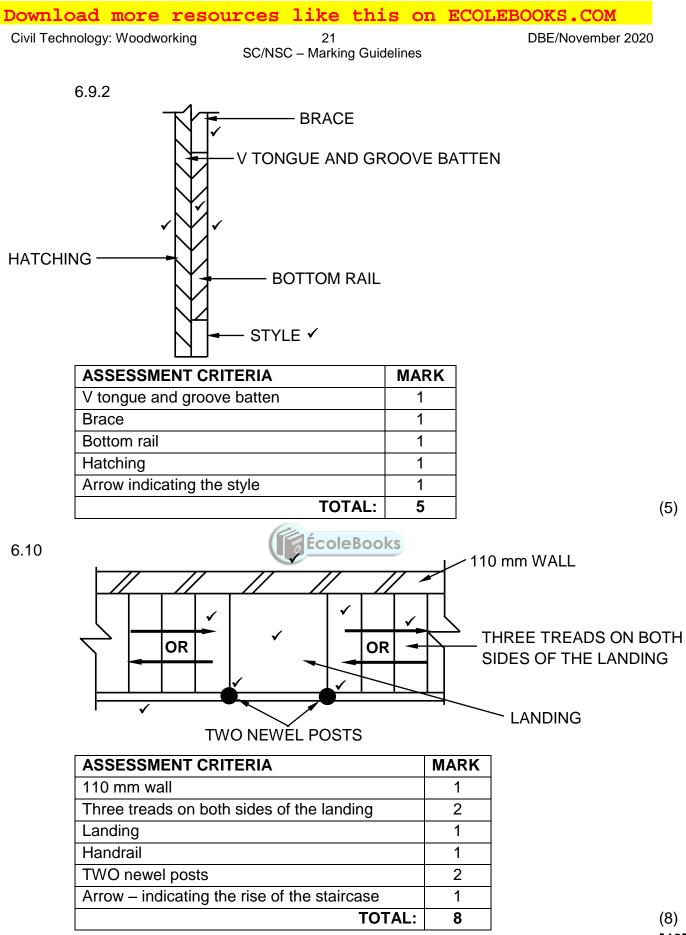


FIGURE 6.9

| ASSESSMENT CRITERIA | | MARK |
|---------------------|--------|------|
| Brace | | 1 |
| | TOTAL: | 1 |

(1)



[40]

TOTAL: 200