National Curriculum Statement (NCS)

Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statement



Further Education and Training Phase Grades 10-12



basic education

Department: Basic Education **REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

ACCOUNTING



basic education

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CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT POLICY STATEMENT GRADES 10-12



ACCOUNTING



Department of Basic Education

222 Struben Street Private Bag X895 Pretoria 0001 South Africa Tel: +27 12 357 3000 Fax: +27 12 323 0601

120 Plein Street Private Bag X9023 Cape Town 8000 South Africa Tel: +27 21 465 1701 Fax: +27 21 461 8110 Website: http://www.education.gov.za

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CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT POLICY STATEMENT (CAPS)

FOREWORD BY THE MINISTER



Our national curriculum is the culmination of our efforts over a period of seventeen years to transform the curriculum bequeathed to us by apartheid. From the start of democracy we have built our curriculum on the values that inspired our Constitution (Act 108 of 1996). The Preamble to the Constitution states that the aims of the Constitution are to:

- heal the divisions of the past and establish a society based on democratic values, social justice and fundamental human rights;
- improve the quality of life of all citizens and free the potential of each person;
- lay the foundations for a democratic and open society in which government is based on the will of the people and every citizen is equally protected by law; and
- build a united and democratic South Africa able to take its rightful place as a sovereign state in the family of nations.

Education and the curriculum have an important role to play in realising these aims.

In 1997 we introduced outcomes-based education to overcome the curricular divisions of the past, but the experience of implementation prompted a review in 2000. This led to the first curriculum revision: the *Revised National Curriculum Statement Grades R-9* and the *National Curriculum Statement Grades 10-12* (2002).

Ongoing implementation challenges resulted in another review in 2009 and we revised the *Revised National Curriculum Statement* (2002) to produce this document.

From 2012 the two 2002 curricula, for *Grades R-9* and *Grades 10-12* respectively, are combined in a single document and will simply be known as the *National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12*. The *National Curriculum Statement for Grades R-12* builds on the previous curriculum but also updates it and aims to provide clearer specification of what is to be taught and learnt on a term-by-term basis.

The *National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12* accordingly replaces the Subject Statements, Learning Programme Guidelines and Subject Assessment Guidelines with the

- (a) Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statements (CAPS) for all approved subjects listed in this document;
- (b) National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12; and
- (c) National Protocol for Assessment Grades R-12.

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MRS ANGIE MOTSHEKGA, MP MINISTER OF BASIC EDUCATION



CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT POLICY STATEMENT (CAPS)

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SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION TO THE CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT POLICY STATEMENTS FOR ACCOUNTING GRADES 10-12

1.1 Background

The National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12 (NCS) stipulates policy on curriculum and assessment in the schooling sector.

To improve implementation, the National Curriculum Statement was amended, with the amendments coming into effect in January 2012. A single comprehensive Curriculum and Assessment Policy document was developed for each subject to replace Subject Statements, Learning Programme Guidelines and Subject Assessment Guidelines in Grades R-12.

1.2 Overview

- (a) The *National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12 (January 2012)* represents a policy statement for learning and teaching in South African schools and comprises the following:
 - (i) Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statements for each approved school subject;
 - (ii) The policy document, National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12; and
 - (iii) The policy document, National Protocol for Assessment Grades R-12 (January 2012).
- (b) The *National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12 (January 2012)* replaces the two current national curricula statements, namely the
 - (i) Revised National Curriculum Statement Grades R-9, Government Gazette No. 23406 of 31 May 2002, and
 - (ii) National Curriculum Statement Grades 10-12 Government Gazettes, No. 25545 of 6 October 2003 and No. 27594 of 17 May 2005.
- (c) The national curriculum statements contemplated in subparagraphs b(i) and (ii) comprise the following policy documents which will be incrementally repealed by the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12 (January 2012) during the period 2012-2014:
 - *(i)* The Learning Area/Subject Statements, Learning Programme Guidelines and Subject Assessment Guidelines for Grades R-9 and Grades 10-12;
 - (ii) The policy document, National Policy on assessment and qualifications for schools in the General Education and Training Band d, promulgated in Government Notice No. 124 in Government Gazette No. 29626 of 12 February 2007;
 - (iii) The policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), promulgated in Government Gazette No.27819 of 20 July 2005;

- (iv) The policy document, An addendum to the policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), regarding learners with special needs, published in Government Gazette, No.29466 of 11 December 2006, is incorporated in the policy document, National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12; and
- (v) The policy document, An addendum to the policy document, the National Senior Certificate: A qualification at Level 4 on the National Qualifications Framework (NQF), regarding the National Protocol for Assessment (Grades R-12), promulgated in Government Notice No.1267 in Government Gazette No. 29467 of 11 December 2006.=
- (d) The policy document, National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12, and the sections on the Curriculum and Assessment Policy as contemplated in Chapters 2, 3 and 4 of this document constitute the norms and standards of the National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12. It will therefore, in terms of section 6A of the South African Schools Act, 1996 (Act No. 84 of 1996,) form the basis for the Minister of Basic Education to determine minimum outcomes and standards, as well as the processes and procedures for the assessment of learner achievement to be applicable to public and independent schools.

1.3 General aims of the South African Curriculum

- (a) The National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12 gives expression to the knowledge, skills and values worth learning in South African schools. This curriculum aims to ensure that children acquire and apply knowledge and skills in ways that are meaningful to their own lives. In this regard, the curriculum promotes knowledge in local contexts, while being sensitive to global imperatives. In this regard.
- (b) The National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12 serves the purposes of:
 - equipping learners, irrespective of their socio-economic background, race, gender, physical ability or intellectual ability, with the knowledge, skills and values necessary for self-fulfilment, and meaningful participation in society as citizens of a free country;
 - providing access to higher education;
 - facilitating the transition of learners from education institutions to the workplace; and
 - providing employers with a sufficient profile of a learner's competences.
- (c) The National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12 is based on the following principles:
 - Social transformation: ensuring that the educational imbalances of the past are redressed, and that equal educational opportunities are provided for all sections of the population;
 - Active and critical learning: encouraging an active and critical approach to learning, rather than rote and uncritical learning of given truths;
 - High knowledge and high skills: the minimum standards of knowledge and skills to be achieved at each grade are specified and set high, achievable standards in all subjects;
 - Progression: content and context of each grade shows progression from simple to complex;

- Human rights, inclusivity, environmental and social justice: infusing the principles and practices of social and environmental justice and human rights as defined in the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa. The National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12 is sensitive to issues of diversity such as poverty, inequality, race, gender, language, age, disability and other factors;
- Valuing indigenous knowledge systems: acknowledging the rich history and heritage of this country as important contributors to nurturing the values contained in the Constitution; and
- Credibility, quality and efficiency: providing an education that is comparable in quality, breadth and depth to those of other countries.
- (d) The National Curriculum Statement Grades R-12 aims to produce learners that are able to:
 - identify and solve problems and make decisions using critical and creative thinking;
 - work effectively as individuals and with others as members of a team;
 - organise and manage themselves and their activities responsibly and effectively;
 - collect, analyse, organise and critically evaluate information;
 - communicate effectively using visual, symbolic and/or language skills in various modes;
 - use science and technology effectively and critically showing responsibility towards the environment and the health of others; and
 - demonstrate an understanding of the world as a set of related systems by recognising that problem solving contexts do not exist in isolation.
- (e) Inclusivity should become a central part of the organisation, planning and teaching at each school. This can only happen if all teachers have a sound understanding of how to recognise and address barriers to learning, and how to plan for diversity.

The key to managing inclusivity is ensuring that barriers are identified and addressed by all the relevant support structures within the school community, including teachers, District-Based Support Teams, Institutional-Level Support Teams, parents and Special Schools as Resource Centres. To address barriers in the classroom, teachers should use various curriculum differentiation strategies such as those included in the Department of Basic Education's *Guidelines for Inclusive Teaching and Learning* (2010).

1.4 Time Allocation

1.4.1 Foundation Phase

(a) The instructional time in the Foundation Phase is as follows:

SUBJECT	GRADE R (HOURS)	GRADES 1-2 (HOURS)	GRADE 3 (HOURS)
Home Language	10	8/7	8/7
First Additional Language		2/3	3/4
Mathematics	7	7	7
Life Skills	6	6	7
Beginning Knowledge	(1)	(1)	(2)
Creative Arts	(2)	(2)	(2)
Physical EducationPersonal and Social Well-being	(2)	(2)	(2)
	(1)	(1)	(1)
TOTAL	23	23	25

- (b) Instructional time for Grades R, 1 and 2 is 23 hours and for Grade 3 is 25 hours.
- (c) Ten hours are allocated for languages in Grades R-2 and 11 hours in Grade 3. A maximum of 8 hours and a minimum of 7 hours are allocated for Home Language and a minimum of 2 hours and a maximum of 3 hours for Additional Language in Grades 1-2. In Grade 3 a maximum of 8 hours and a minimum of 7 hours are allocated for Home Language and a minimum of 4 hours for First Additional Language.
- (d) In Life Skills Beginning Knowledge is allocated 1 hour in Grades R 2 and 2 hours as indicated by the hours in brackets for Grade 3.

1.4.2 Intermediate Phase

(a) The instructional time in the Intermediate Phase is as follows:

SUBJECT	HOURS
Home Language	6
First Additional Language	5
Mathematics	6
Natural Sciences and Technology	3,5
Social Sciences	3
Life Skills	4
Creative Arts	(1,5)
Physical Education	(1)
Personal and Social Well-being	(1,5)
TOTAL	27,5

1.4.3 Senior Phase

(a) The instructional time in the Senior Phase is as follows:

SUBJECT	HOURS
Home Language	5
First Additional Language	4
Mathematics	4,5
Natural Sciences	3
Social Sciences	3
Technology	2
Economic Management Sciences	2
Life Orientation	2
Creative Arts	2
TOTAL	27,5

1.4.4 Grades 10-12

(a) The instructional time in Grades 10-12 is as follows:

SUBJECT	TIME ALLOCATION PER WEEK (HOURS)
Home Language	4.5
First Additional Language	4.5
Mathematics ÉcoleBooks	4.5
Life Orientation	2
A minimum of any three subjects selected from Group B <u>Annexure</u> <u>B, Tables B1-B8</u> of the policy document, <i>National policy pertaining</i> <i>to the programme and promotion requirements of the National</i> <i>Curriculum Statement Grades R-12,</i> subject to the provisos stipulated in paragraph 28 of the said policy document.	12 (3x4h)
TOTAL	27,5

The allocated time per week may be utilised only for the minimum required NCS subjects as specified above, and may not be used for any additional subjects added to the list of minimum subjects. Should a learner wish to offer additional subjects, additional time must be allocated for the offering of these subjects.

SECTION 2

2.1 What is Accounting?

Accounting focuses on measuring performance, and processing and communicating financial information about economic sectors. This discipline ensures that principles such as ethical behaviour, transparency and accountability are adhered to. It deals with the logical, systematic and accurate selection and recording of financial information and transactions, as well as the compilation, analysis, interpretation and communication of financial statements and managerial reports for use by interested parties.

The subject encompasses accounting knowledge, skills and values that focus on the **financial accounting**, **managerial accounting** and **auditing** fields. These fields cover a broad spectrum of accounting concepts and skills to prepare learners for a variety of career opportunities.

Weighting of curriculum	Торіс
Financial Accounting (weight-	1. Accounting concepts
ing 50% to 60%)	2. GAAP principles
	3. Bookkeeping
	4. Accounting equation
	5. Final accounts and financial statements
	6. Salaries and wages
	7. Value-Added Tax o EcoleBooks
	8. Reconciliations
Managerial Accounting	9. Cost accounting
(weighting 20% to 25%)	10. Budgeting
Managing Resources (weight-	11. Indigenous bookkeeping systems
ing 20% to 25%)	12. Fixed assets
	13. Inventory
	14. Ethics
	15. Internal control

The table below indicates the three main topics and corresponding topics in Accounting curriculum.

2.2 The purpose of Accounting

Accounting learners will be able to:

- record, analyse and interpret financial and other relevant data in order to make informed decisions;
- present and/or communicate financial information effectively by using generally accepted accounting practice in line with current developments and legislation;
- develop and demonstrate an understanding of fundamental accounting concepts;
- relate skills, knowledge and values to real-world situations in order to ensure the balance between theory and practice, to enter the world of work and/or to move to higher education, and to encourage self-development;

- organise and manage own finances and activities responsibly and effectively;
- apply principles to solve problems in a judicious and systematic manner in familiar and unfamiliar situations, thus developing the ability to identify and solve problems in the context of the various fields of Accounting;
- develop critical, logical, and analytical abilities and thought processes to enable learners to apply skills to current and new situations;
- develop the following characteristics:
 - ethical behaviour
 - sound judgement
 - thoroughness
 - orderliness
 - accuracy
 - neatness;
- deal confidently with the demands of an accounting occupation manually and/or electronically.

2.3 Time allocation for Accounting in the curriculum

The teaching time for Accounting is 4 hours per week, per grade on the timetable, that is, for Grades 10, 11 and 12.

2.4 Requirements to offer Accounting as a subject ooks

It is the **responsibility of the school** to provide the resources to offer Accounting as a subject.

- (a) Each learner should have:
 - a textbook
 - Accounting stationery or workbook
 - a calculator.

(b) The teacher should have:

- a variety of textbooks for reference
- policies, e.g. summary of King Code III
- partnership agreement
- legislation, e.g. Companies Act 71 of 2008
- codes of professional bodies, e.g. SAICA and SAIPA Codes
- SARS brochures
- bank brochures
- access to a computer and the internet.

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SECTION 3

3.1 Overview of topics

GRADE 1	GRADE 10				
Term	Торіс				
1	Indigenous bookkeeping				
	Ethics (introduction)				
	GAAP principles				
	Internal control (introduction)				
	Bookkeeping of sole trader: recording of cash transactions (CRJ, CPJ, PCJ); General Ledger, Trial Balance; Accounting equation				
	Bookkeeping of sole trader: recording of credit: transactions (DJ, DAJ, CJ, CAJ, GJ); Ledgers, Debtors' and Creditors' lists, Trial Balance; Accounting equation				
	Bookkeeping of sole trader: recording of cash and credit transactions (combined)				
2	VAT				
	Salaries and wages				
	Final Accounts - sole trader: year-end adjustments, General Ledger including Final Accounts Section, Trial Balances				
3	Financial statements - sole trader Adjustments, closing transfers, General Ledger, Income Statement, Balance Sheet, Notes to financial statements Analysis and interpretation of financial statements and notes				
4	Cost accounting: manufacturing concepts				
	Budgeting				
GRADE 1	1				
Term	Торіс				
1.	Reconciliations				
	Fixed assets				
	Partnerships: adjustments, General Ledger, Accounting equation, final accounts, financial statements				
2.	Partnerships: analysis and interpretation				
	Clubs: concepts, Ledger, Statement of Receipts and Payments				
3.	Cost Accounting: calculations, General Ledger				
	Budgeting: Projected Income Statement, debtors' collection, creditors' payments,				
	Cash Budget				
	Inventory systems				
4.	Value Added Tax (VAT)				

GRADE 12	GRADE 12		
Term	Торіс		
1.	Companies: unique transactions		
	Companies - final accounts, financial statements and notes (Income Statement, Balance Sheet, Cash Flow Statement)		
	Companies - analysis and interpretation		
	Companies - analysis of published financial statements and audit reports		
2.	Ethics		
	Fixed assets		
	Close corporations		
	Internal control		
	Inventory systems		
	Reconciliations		
	Value Added Tax (VAT)		
3.	Cost Accounting:		
	Production Cost Statement with notes		
	Trading and Profit and Loss Statement, unit costs, break-even		
	Budgeting		
4.	Revision and examination preparation		



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3.2.1 Summary of Grade 10 Annual Teaching Plan

					Term 1					
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Topic	Indigenous bookkeeping	keeping	Ethics (intro) GAAP principles	Internal control (intro)	Bookkeeping of sole trader: recording of cash transactio PCJ); General Ledger, Trial Accounting equation	Bookkeeping of sole trader: recording of cash transactions (CRJ, CPJ, PCJ); General Ledger, Trial Balance; Accounting equation	CRJ, CPJ, ance;	Bookkeeping of sole trader- recording of credit: transactions (DJ, DAJ, CJ, CAJ, GJ); Ledgers, Debtors' and Creditors' lists, Trial Balance; Accounting equation	f sole trader- edit: JJ, DAJ, CJ, jers, Debtors' jests, Trial ists, Trial inting equation	Bookkeeping of sole trader- recording of cash and credit transactions (combined)
Assessment	Presentation		Informal	_	Ć			Test		
					Term 2					
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Topic	VAT	Salaries and wages	sages	Final Accounts - sole trader year-end adjustments, Gen Section, Trial Balances	- sole trader ments, General I alances	Final Accounts - sole trader year-end adjustments, General Ledger including Final Accounts Section, Trial Balances	Final Accounts	Revision	Examinations	
Assessment	Project (bookkeeping)	ping)	Informal		s				Mid-year examination	nation
					Term 3					
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Topic	Financial statements - sole tr Adjustments, closing transfer Notes to financial statements	Financial statements - sole trader Adjustments, closing transfers, G Notes to financial statements	eneral Ledger, In	Financial statements - sole trader Adjustments, closing transfers, General Ledger, Income Statement, Balance Sheet Notes to financial statements	, Balance Sheet		Analysis and interpret statements and notes	Analysis and interpretation of financial statements and notes	ancial	Revision
Assessment	Case study						Test			
					Term 4					
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Topic	Cost Accounting: manufacturing concepts	Budgeting	Revision and e	Revision and examination preparation	ration				Examination	Admin and planning for the following year
Assessment	Informal						Final examination	ion		

3.2.2 Annual Teaching Plan Grade 10

GRADE 10

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
2 weeks (Weeks 1-2)	 Informal or indigenous bookkeeping systems 	 Comparison of the bookkeeping systems of the informal and formal sectors: concepts: capital; fixed assets; stock; cost price; labour cost; selling price; income; expenses and profit. management of resources (capital, fixed assets, stock, etc.) Process of determining selling prices, cost of sales, labour costs, income and expenses 	Access to an owner of an informal business Questionnaire
1 week (Week 3)	2. Ethics	 Explanation of the code of ethics applicable to all parties in the financial environment: code of ethics basic principles of ethics (leadership, discipline, transparency, accountability, fairness, sustainability, responsible management) Ethics should be integrated with other topics. 	Worksheet Case studies/ scenarios Newspaper articles
Introduce during weeks 2-3	3. GAAP principles	 Definition and explanation of Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (GAAP) principles: historical cost prudence materiality business entity rule going concern matching Apply to all the relevant topics and link to topic 1 and 2. 	Worksheet Textbook
1 week (Week 4)	4. Internal control	Definition and explanation of what is meant by internal control Identification and explanation of basic internal control processes: Control environment; risk assessment; control activity supported by policy and procedures; information system and communication methods and monitoring performance. <i>Internal control should be integrated with other topics.</i>	Worksheet Case studies Newspaper articles

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
6 weeks (Weeks 5-10)	5. Financial Accounting of a sole trader	Definition and explanation of accounting concepts up to financial statements: sole trader; debit; credit; equity; capital; assets; liabilities; ledger; journal; profit; loss; Value Added Tax (VAT); income/revenue; expenses; final accounts; financial statements; discounts; Accounting Cycle; Financial Accounting; Managerial Accounting; perpetual inventory system.	Blank source documents Accounting stationery Textbooks
	Bookkeeping of a sole trader	 Accounting cycle based on perpetual inventory system: revision of Grade 9 content course decumente 	Completed source documents for project
		 source documents principles of Double Entry System journals 	<i>Optional:</i> computers and software
		 Cash Receipts Journal Cash Payments Journal (including loans, fixed deposits, interest income and interest expense, dishonoured cheques, discount allowed and discount received) Debtors' Journal, Creditors' Journal, Debtors' Allowances 	
		 Destors reducts ocurrial, Destors Allowances Journal, Creditors' Allowances Journal Petty Cash Journal General Journal (including bad debts, cancellations of discount on dishonoured cheques, interest on overdue 	
		 accounts, corrections of errors) Posting to General, Debtors' and Creditors' Ledgers Trial Balance 	
		 Preparation of debtors' and creditors' lists to reconcile with the debtors' and creditors' control accounts (including correction of errors and omissions) Note: The transactions on the acquisition of fixed assets and the 	
	Accounting	fixed assets register for the purpose of internal control are important. Analysis and an indication of the effect of transactions on the accounting equation of a sole trader	
		All transactions affecting a sole trader up to financial statements This topic needs to be integrated with all the appropriate topics throughout the year.	

	Term 1: Formal assessment	
Form of assessment	Presentation (Indigenous bookkeeping)	Test
Total marks	50	100

A test should cover the content dealt with during the term.

Daily assessment is important to monitor teaching and learning

The project should be given to learners during the first term (week 6) and learners need to submit it during week 2 of the second term. The project content is covered during term 1.

GRADE 10

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
1 week	1. Value Added	Explanation of the basic concepts of VAT:	Textbook
(Week 1)	Tax (VAT)	need for VAT	
		purpose of VAT	
		principles of VAT	
		zero-rated items	
		VAT-exempted items	
		VAT-able items	
		current VAT rate	
2 weeks	2. Salaries and	Explanation, calculation and recording of salary and/or wage scales	Textbook
(Weeks 2-3)	Wages Journal	and payments in the journals and post to the ledger; this can be done manually or on a computerised spreadsheet.	Accounting stationery
		Normal time	Newspaper articles
		Overtime	(current and
		Deductions	relevant ethical issues)
		- PAYE	Optional:
		- Pension fund	computers
		- Unemployment Insurance Fund	and software (spreadsheet)
		- Medical aid	
		- Union membership	
		Employer contributions	
		- Pension fund	
		- Unemployment Insurance Fund	
		- Medical aid	
		- Skills development levy	
		Accounting equation	
		Ethical conduct related to salaries and wages, e.g. contracts, payment in line with responsibilities, role of unions	

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
4 weeks (Weeks 4-7)	3. Financial Accounting of	Preparation of final accounts of a sole trader taking into account year-end adjustments	Textbook
(a sole trader	Related concepts	Accounting
		Application of GAAP principles	stationery
		Accounting equation	
		Pre-adjustment Trial Balance	
		Year-end adjustments:	
		trading stock deficit/surplus	
		consumable stores on hand	
		depreciation (on cost price/straight line, on diminishing balance methods)	
		bad debts	
		bad debts recovered (Including reciepts from solvent estates)	
		correction of errors/omissions	
		accrued income (receivable)	
		income received in advance (deferred)	
		expenses prepaid	
		accrued expenses (payable).	
		Interest on mortgage bond (capitalised)	
		Post-adjustment Trial Balance	
		Closing transfers	
		Final accounts:	
		Trading Account	
		Profit and Loss Account	
		Post-closing Trial Balance	
		Reversal of certain yearend adjustments at beginning of next financial period, i.e. accruals, income received in advance and prepayments.	
1 week	Revision	Revision of all topics covered during the first two terms	Textbook exercises
(Week 8)	exercises		
2 weeks	Midyear		
(Weeks 9-10)	examination		

	Term 2: Formal assessment	
Form of assessment	Project (bookkeeping)	Mid-year examination
Marks	50	200

The content dealt with during terms 1 and 2 should be revised for the mid-year examination.

GRADE 10

TERM 3

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
6 weeks (Weeks 1-6)	1. Financial accounting of	Preparation of financial statements of a sole trader taking into account yearend adjustments	Textbook
(1100110)	a sole trader - preparation of financial	Related concepts	Accounting
		Application of GAAP principles	stationery
	of financial statements	Accounting equation	-
	Statements	Year-end adjustments:	
		trading stock deficit/surplus	
		consumable stores on hand	
		 depreciation (on cost price/straightline, on diminishing balance. methods) 	
		bad debts	
		bad debts recovered (Including receipt from insolvent estate)	
		correction of errors/omissions	
		accrued income (receivable)	
		income received in advance (deferred)	
		expenses prepaid	
		accrued expenses (payable).	
		Financial statements and notes:	
		Income Statement EcoleBooks	
		Balance Sheet	
2 weeks	2. Financial	Analysis and interpretation of financial statements and notes:	Textbook
	Accounting of	gross profit on sales	
Weeks 7-9)	a sole trader	gross profit on cost of sales	Accounting
	- analysis and interpretation	net profit on sales	stationery
	of financial	operating expenses on sales	
	statements	operating profit on sales	
		current ratio	
		acid test ratio	
		solvency ratio	
		return on equity	
1 week	Revision	Revise topics covered during the term.	Textbook exercise
(Week 10)	exercises		

	Term 3: Formal assessment	
Form of assessment	Case study	Test
Total marks	50	100

A test should cover the content dealt with during the term.

Daily assessment is important to monitor teaching and learning.

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GRADE 10

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
1 week (Week 1)	1. Cost Accounting	 Definition and explanation of basic cost concepts: direct labour indirect labour direct materials (raw materials) indirect materials factory overhead costs Prime cost variable costs 	Textbook Accounting stationery
1 week	2. Budgeting	 fixed costs workinprocess. Application of principles of internal control Ethical behaviour related to a manufacturing business Define and explain basic budgeting concepts: 	Textbook
(Week 2)		 cash budget zerobased budget capital budget EcoleBooks longterm budget mediumterm budget. 	Accounting stationery
4 weeks (Weeks 3-6)	Revision exercises	Revise all topics in preparation for final examinations.	Textbook exercises Accounting stationery
2 weeks		Endofyear examination	

	Term 4	
Year-mark	End-of-year examination	Total
100	300	400

					F	Term 1				
_	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Topic	Reconciliations		_	Fixed assets	_	-	Partnerships:		-	
							adjustments, G	eneral Ledger, a	adjustments, General Ledger, accounting equation, final accounts,	n, final accounts,
							financial statements	ents		
Assessment	Informal			Written report			Test			
					-	Term 2				
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Topic	Partnerships:	-	-	Clubs:	-	-	-	Revision	Examinations	
	analysis and interpretation	erpretation		concepts, Ledg	er, Statement o	concepts, Ledger, Statement of Receipts and Payments	ayments			
Assessment	Informal			Project	(Informal	Mid-year examination	ination
					-	Term 3				
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Topic	Cost accounting:				Budgeting:			Inventory		Revision
	Calculations, General Ledger	eneral Ledger			Projected Inco creditors' payr	Projected Income Statement, debi creditors' payments, Cash Budget	Projected Income Statement, debtors' collection, creditors' payments, Cash Budget	systems		
Assessment	Informal			Presentation	ok			Test	-	_
					F	Term 4				
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Topic	Value Added Tax (VAT)	X (VAT)	Revision and e	Revision and examination preparation	ration		Examination			Admin and
										planning for the following
										year
Assessment	Informal						Final examination	n		

GRADE 11

3.2.3 Summary of Annual Teaching Plan Grade 11

3.2.4 Annual Teaching Plan Grade 11

GRADE 11

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
Continuously throughout the year	1. Ethics	Identification and analysis of ethical behaviour applicable to financial environments with reference to accountability, transparency and sustainability <i>This topic should be integrated with other topics using appropriate</i> <i>scenarios.</i>	Case studies Newspaper articles Textbook
Continuously throughout the year	2. Internal control	 Demonstration of the knowledge of internal audit processes: definition and explanation of what is meant by an internal audit knowledge of the difference between internal control and an internal audit, the role of the internal auditor, division of duties, documentation and physical controls identification of internal audit procedures relating to: handling of cash buying and selling on credit stock debtors creditors. 	Case studies Newspaper articles Textbook

ACCOUNTING GRADES 10-12

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
3 weeks	3. Reconciliations	Reconciliation of bank statements with cash journals in order to prepare bank reconciliation statements:	Textbooks
(Weeks 1-3)		outstanding deposits	Bank statements
		 cheques not yet presented for payment 	Bank brochures
		 stop/debit orders 	
		direct transfers	
		bank charges	
		interest received or charged	
		correction of errors or omissions	
		cheques R/D or cancelled	
		post-dated cheques received/issued.	
		Reconciliation of statements received from creditors with accounts in Creditors' Ledger of a business in order to prepare creditors' reconciliation statements:	
		outstanding invoices or credit notes	
		outstanding payments	
		discounts not recorded	
		correction of errors or omissions.	
		Integration of issues of internal control	
		Integration of ethical issues	
3 weeks	4. Tangible/ fixed	Understanding the concept of a tangible/fixed asset register	Textbooks
(Weeks 4-6)	assets	Recording the acquisition of tangible/fixed assets	Newspaper adverts
		Calculation and recording of depreciation	and articles
		on cost price (straightline method)	
		diminishing balance method.	
		Understanding how tangible/fixed assets are recorded when they are fully depreciated	
		Recording the disposal of tangible/fixed assets (cash, credit, trade-in):	
		at the beginning of a financial year	
		during a financial year	
		• at the end of a financial year.	
		Integration of issues of internal control - control measures over fixed assets	
		Integration of ethical issues relating to fixed assets - responsible use of fixed assets	

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
4 weeks	5. Financial	Definition and explanation of accounting concepts unique to	Textbooks
(Weeks 7-10)	Accounting of	partnerships:	Examples of
	partnerships - preparation	Partnership	partnership
	P P	capital accounts	agreements
		current accounts	Accounting stationery
		interest on capital	
		salaries to partners	
		bonus to partners	
		division of profits/losses.	-
	GAAP principles	Definition and explanation of Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (GAAP) principles:	
		historical cost	
		• prudence	
		materiality	
		business entity rule	
		going concern	
		matching	
	Bookkeeping of a	Accounting cycle of partnerships:	
	partnership	documents and journals	
		Post to the Ledger	
		Trial Balance ÉcoleBooks	
		Preparation of final accounts and financial statements of a	-
		partnership taking into account yearend adjustments	
		Accounting equation	
		Year-end adjustments:	
		trading stock deficit/surplus	
		consumable stores on hand	
		 depreciation (on cost price/ straightline, on diminishing balance methods) 	
		bad debts	
		bad debts recovered (Including reciepts from solvent estates)	
		correction of errors/omissions	
		accrued income (receivable)	
		 income received in advance (deferred) 	
		expenses prepaid	
		accrued expenses (payable)	
		provision for bad debts	
		salaries to partners	
		bonus to partners	
		interest on capital	
		Interest on loan (Capitalized)	
		appropriation of profit/loss.	

ACCOUNTING GRADES 10-12

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
		Final accounts:	
		Trading account	
		Profit and Loss account	
		Appropriation account	
		Reversal of certain yearend adjustments at beginning of next financial period, i.e. accruals, income received in advance and prepayments	
		Financial statements and notes:	
		Income Statement	
		Balance Sheet	

	Term 1: Formal assessment	
Form of Assessment	Written report	Test
Total marks	50	100

Note:

A test should cover the content dealt with during the term.

Daily assessment is important to monitor teaching and learning.

Teachers should give the project to learners in term 1 (week 5) and instruct learners to submit it in term 2. This will give learners ample time to complete the project. Part of the project content is covered in term 1 and another part in term 2.

GRADE 11

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
3 weeks	1. Financial	Analysis and interpretation of financial statements and notes	Textbook
(Weeks 1-3)	accounting of partnerships	Revision of the following:	
	- analysis and	gross profit on sales	
	interpretation	gross profit on cost of sales	
		net profit on sales	
		operating expenses on sales	
		operating profit on sales	
		solvency ratio	
		current ratio	
		acid test ratio	
		Introduction to and covering of the following:	
		stock turnover rate	
		stock holding period	
		average debtors' collection period	
		average creditors' payment period	
		debt-equity ratio (gearing)	
		partners' earnings coleBooks	
		return on partners' equity	
4 weeks	2. Financial	Definition and explanation of accounting concepts unique to	Textbook
(Weeks 4-7)	accounting	nonprofit organisations (clubs):	Constitutions of
	of nonprofit organisations	nonprofit organisations	clubs
	(clubs)	constitution	Accounting
		accumulated fund	stationery
		membership fees	
		entrance fees	
		affiliation fees	
		honorarium	
		• surplus	
		• deficit	
		Accounting cycle for non-profit organisations (clubs):	
		preparation of Analysis Cash Book	
		 posting to the Ledger (particularly accounts unique to nonprofit organisations, viz. Accumulated Fund, membership fees, entrance fees, stock accounts, e.g. refreshments, ties, rugby jerseys) 	
		drafting of a Trial Balance	
		preparation of Statement of Receipts and Payments	
		 understanding of differences between receipts & income and; payments & expenses 	

ACCOUNTING GRADES 10-12

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
1 week	Revision exercises	Revise topics covered during first two terms.	Textbook exercises
(Week 8)	exercises		
2 Weeks		Midyear examination	
(Weeks 9-10)			

	Term 2: Formal assessment	
Form of assessment	Project	Midyear examinations
Marks	50	300

Daily assessment is important to monitor teaching and learning

The content dealt with for term 1 and 2 should be revised for the mid-year examination.





GRADE 11

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
4 weeks	1. Cost	Calculation of the following costs in a manufacturing environment:	Textbook
(Weeks 1-4)	Accounting	variable and fixed costs	
		the cost of a product using variable and fixed costs	
		unit cost	
		contribution per unit	
		Breakeven point.	
		Preparation of ledger accounts of a manufacturing business	
		Balance Sheet Section:	
		raw material stock	
		workinprogress stock	
		finished goods stock	
		consumable stores stock (indirect materials).	
		Nominal Accounts Section:	
		• sales	
		cost of sales	
		raw materials issued lebooks	
		factory wages	
		factory electricity	
		factory rent	
		depreciation on factory equipment, etc.	
		Cost Accounts Section:	
		direct (raw) materials cost	
		direct labour cost	
		factory overhead cost	
		administration cost	
		selling and distribution cost.	
		Integration of ethical issues related to a manufacturing environment	
		Integration of internal audit and internal control issues related to a manufacturing environment	

ACCOUNTING GRADES 10-12

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
3 weeks	2. Budgeting	Preparation and presentation of a cash budget for sole traders:	Textbook
(Weeks 5-7)		 projected receipts and payments 	Accounting
		projected debtors' collection	stationery
		projected creditors' payments	
		Cash Budget.	
		Preparation and presentation of Projected Income Statement	
		 projected revenue and expenditure. 	
		Integration of ethical issues	
		Integration of internal audit and internal control issues	
2 weeks	3. Inventory	Definition and explanation of the following stock systems:	Textbook
(Weeks 8-9)	systems	Perpetual stock system	Accounting
		Periodic stock system	stationery
		Knowledge of the advantages and disadvantages of the periodic and perpetual stock systems	
		Recording of transactions using the periodic stock system in the journals and ledgers, comparing it with the perpetual stock system:	
		 purchases account as opposed to Trading Stock account 	
		Opening Stock and Closing Stock accounts	
		Trading account ÉcoleBooks	
		carriage on purchases	
		custom and import duties.	
1 week	Revision	Revision of term's work	Textbook exercises
Week 10	exercises		

Term 3: Forma	al assessment	
Form of assessment	Presentation	Test
Total marks	50	100

A test should cover the content covered during the term.

Daily assessment is important to monitor teaching and learning.

GRADE 11

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
2 weeks	1. Value Added	Perform VAT calculations:	Textbook
(Week 1-2)	Tax (VAT)	 use current rate add VAT to cost price plus markup amount calculate VAT from VAT-inclusive amount invoice or receipt base. Understand the effect of bad debts, discounts and goods returned on VAT Integrate ethics relating to VAT - VAT fraud, etc. Integrate internal audit and internal control processes over collection of VAT from customers and payment of VAT to SARS. 	Accounting stationery Newspaper articles
4 weeks (Weeks 3-6)	Revision exercises	Revision of all topics in preparation for final examination	Textbook exercises
		Endofyear examination	

	Term 4	
Yearmark	Endofyear examination	Total
100	300	400

3.2.5 Summary of Annual Teaching Plan Grade 12

GRADE 12

					Ţ	Term 1				
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Topic	Companies: univ	Companies: unique transactions		al accounts, finar	rcial statements	Companies - final accounts, financial statements and notes (Income Statement,	le Statement,	Companies - analysis and	nalysis and	Companies
			Balance Sheet,	Balance Sheet, Cash Flow Statement)	ment)			interpretation		- analysis of
										published
										financial
										statements and
										audit reports
Assessment	Written report		Informal					Test		
					Te	Term 2				
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Topic	Ethics	Close	Inventory systems	ns	Reconciliations		Value Added Tax	×	Examinations	_
	Fixed assets	corporations								
		Internal control								
Assessment	Project		Informal						Midyear examination	nation
					Ť	Term 3				
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Topic	Cost Accounting:			Budgeting			Revision		Examinations	
	Production Cost	Production Cost Statement with notes, Trading	otes, Trading							
	and Profit and L	and Profit and Loss Statement, unit costs, break-	nit costs, break-							
	even									
Assessment	Test			Case study					Trial examinations	suc
					Ť	Term 4				
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Topic	Revision and ex	Revision and examination preparation	ation		Examination					Admin and
										planning for
										the following
										year
Assessment	Informal				Final examination	ion				

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ACCOUNTING GRADES 10-12

3.2.6 Grade 12 Annual Teaching Plan

GRADE 12

Recommended Resources
Textbook
Accounting
stationery

ACCOUNTING GRADES 10-12

Week/Hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended Resources
	Bookkeeping of companies	 Accounting cycle for a company: journals ledger accounts Trial Balance Transactions include: issuing of shares at issue price (note that par value and share premium no longer exist in terms of the Companies Act) buying back of shares loans and interest (note: interest on a mortgage loan is capitalised) income tax 	Resources
		 dividends directors' fees audit fees. 	
5 weeks (Weeks 3-7)	2. Financial accounting of companies - preparation of final accounts and financial statements	 Preparation of final accounts and detailed financial statements of a company taking into account yearend adjustments. Year end adjustments: trading stock deficit/surplus consumable stores on hand depreciation (on cost price/straight line, on diminishing balance methods) bad debts bad debts bad debts recovered (Including reciepts from solvent estates) correction of errors/omissions accrued income (receivable) income received in advance (deferred) expenses prepaid accrued expenses (payable) provision for bad debts adjustments related to income tax adjustments related to the payment and declaration of dividends. <i>Final accounts:</i> Trading account Profit and Loss account Appropriation account 	Textbook Accounting stationery

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Week/Hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended Resources
		Financial statements and notes:	
		Income Statement	
		Balance Sheet	
		Cash Flow Statement	
		Analysis and indication of the effect of transactions on the accounting equation of a company; all transactions affecting a company up to financial statements	
		Integration of reporting and control of fixed assets	
		Integration of ethical considerations relating to companies - roles of shareholders and directors, manipulation of share prices, corporate governance, etc.	
		Integration of internal audit and control processes relating to companies	
		Application of GAAP principles and IFRS	
2 weeks	3. Financial accounting of	Analysis and interpretation of Income Statement, Balance Sheet and Notes	Textbook
(Weeks 8-9)	companies -	Revision of the following financial indicators:	Accounting stationery
	analysis and	gross profit on sales	Stationery
	interpretation of financial	gross profit on cost of sales	
	statements	net profit on sales EcoleBooks	
		operating expenses on sales	
		operating profit on sales	
		current ratio	
		acid test ratio	
		stock turnover rate	
		stock holding period	
		average debtors' collection period	
		average creditors' payment period	
		solvency ratio.	
		Introduction and coverage of the following financial indicators:	
		debt-equity ratio (gearing)	
		return on shareholders' equity	
		return on total capital employed	
		net asset value per share	
		dividends per share	
		earnings per share	

ACCOUNTING GRADES 10-12

Week/Hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended Resources
1 week (Week 10)	 4. Financial accounting of companies analysis of published financial statements 	Analysis of a company's published financial statements and annual reports comprising Directors' Report, Independent Auditors' Report, Abridged Income Statement, Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Statement, together with additional information relating to governance and the company's activities.	Textbook Accounting stationery Published annual report (or extracts) of a public company

Term 1: Formal assessment		
Form of assessment Written report Test		
Total marks	50	100

A project that will allow learners to analyse and interpret financial information or to answer problem-solving questions using critical and creative thinking is recommended. This task must be given to learners towards the end of term 1 and be submitted in term 2. Aspects of the task may be covered during class activities.

Daily assessment is important to monitor teaching and learning.



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GRADE 12

TERM 2

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
¹ ⁄ ₂ week (Week 1)	1. Ethics	Understanding the role of professional bodies, e.g. South African Institute of Chartered accountants (SAICA) and South African Institute of Professional Accountants (SAIPA)	Textbook Case studies/ scenarios
		 Discussion of disciplinary and punitive measures that are applied for non-compliance with the Code of Professional Conduct Understanding the policies governing ethical behaviour in the financial environment, viz. King Code III Understanding the legislation governing companies: Basic principles in Companies Act, i.e. directors' performance evaluation, remuneration policies, dispute 	Companies Act SAICA and SAIPA Codes King Code III (overview only)
		resolution, business rescue, conflict of interests, responsibilities of directors This topic should be consolidated, having been integrated with other topics.	
1/2 week	2. Tangible/fixed	Interpretation and reporting on the movements of fixed assets:	Textbook
(Week 1)	assets	age of assetsreplacement rate	Accounting stationery
		life span of assets.	Newspaper adverts and articles
		Integration of GAAP principles relating to fixed assets	
		Integration of ethical issues relating to fixed assets	
		Integration of internal audit and control processes relating to fixed assets	
1/2 week (Week 2)	3. Financial accounting of close	Definition and explanation of accounting concepts unique to close corporations: close corporation 	Textbook
	corporations	founding statement	
		members	
		loans to members	
		loans from members	
		distribution to members.	
		Identify differences in the financial statements of companies and close corporations, particularly with regard to terminology.	

ACCOUNTING GRADES 10-12

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
½ week (Week 2)	4. Internal control	Application of internal control and internal audit processes in a business environment:	Textbook Case studies
(WEEK Z)		means of gathering audit evidence	Case studies
		basis for gathering audit samples	
		basic sampling techniques	
		internal audit reports	
		accountable management of resources.	
		Understanding the difference between the roles of internal and external auditors	
		This topic should be consolidated, having been integrated with other topics.	
2 weeks (Weeks 3-4)	5. Inventory systems	Validation, valuation and calculation of inventories of businesses using the perpetual and periodic inventory systems:	Textbook Accounting
(specific identification (of cost price per unit)	stationery
		• first in, first out (FIFO)	
		weighted average	
		Integration of GAAP principles relating to inventories	
		Integration of ethical issues relating to inventories	
		Integration of internal audit and control processes relating to	
		inventories ÉcoleBooks	
2 weeks (Weeks 5-6)	6. Reconciliations	Analysis and interpretation of bank, debtors' and creditors' reconciliations:	Textbook Accounting
(reconcile creditors' statements with their personal accounts	stationery
		reconcile debtors lists and creditors lists with control accounts	Newspaper articles
		analyze and interpret debtors' age analysis	Examples of bank
		analyze and interpret bank statements and bank reconciliation statements.	statements and debtors' & creditors' statements
		Integration of ethical issues relating to cash, debtors and creditors: payment periods, interest, credit ratings, fraud, etc.	Statements
		Integrate internal audit and internal control issues relating to cash, debtors and creditors	
1 week	7. Value Added Tax	Calculate the amount payable to or receivable from the South	Textbook
(Week 7)	(VAT)	African Revenue Services (SARS)	Accounting
		Completion of the VAT control ledger account from given information	stationery SARS brochures &
		Integration of ethical issues relating to VAT	VAT return forms
		Integration of internal audit and control processes	Newspaper articles

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Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
1 week	Revision exercises	Revision of topics covered during first two terms.	Textbook exercises
(Week 8)			
2 weeks		Midyear examination	
(Weeks 9-10)			

Term 2: Formal assessment				
Form of assessment Project Midyear examination				
Marks	50	300		

Note: Term 2 formal task was given in term 1. Learners should complete the task for term 2 and submit it.

The content dealt with for term 1 and term 2 should be revised for the mid-year examination.

At the end of the 2nd term, learners must be able to analyse and interpret financial information and answer any problemsolving questions using critical and creative thinking. These include solving real-life problems within the context of the accounting curriculum.

Daily assessment is important for monitoring teaching and learning.



GRADE 12

TERM 3

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
3 weeks (Weeks 1-3)	1. Cost Accounting	Definition and explanation of accounting concepts unique to a manufacturing business	Textbook Accounting
(Preparation, presentation, analysis, interpretation and reporting on cost information for manufacturing enterprises:	stationery
		 preparation of a production cost statement with notes for manufacturing costs 	
		 preparation of a short-form Income Statement with notes for administration cost and selling & distribution cost 	
		calculation of gross profit on finished goods sold	
		calculation of variable and fixed costs	
		calculation of the cost of a product using variable and fixed costs	
		calculation of cost per unit	
		calculation of contribution per unit	
		calculation of breakeven point	
		calculation of total cost of production.	
		Integration of ethical issues relating to manufacturing: product quality, product age, raw materials, support for local products, pricefixing, theft, fraud, etc. Integration of internal audit and control processes relating to manufacturing	
3 weeks	2. Budgeting	Analysis, interpretation and comparison of projected income statements for sole traders or companies.	Textbook
(Weeks 4-6)		Projected Income Statement	Accounting
		• sales	Accounting stationery
		cost of sales	
		expenses	
		income	
		profits	
		Analysis, interpretation and comparison of cash budgets for sole traders or companies.	
		Cash Budget	
		receipts	
		payments	
		debtors' collection	
		creditors' payment	
		cash balances	
		Integration of ethical issues relating to budgeting and projections	
		Integration of internal audit and control processes relating to budgets and projections by comparing budget to actual figures	

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Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
2 weeks	Revision	Revision activities	Textbook exercises
(Weeks 7-8)			
2 weeks		Preliminary examination	
(Weeks 9-10)			

Term 3: Formal assessment				
Form of assessment Test Case study Preliminary examination				
Total marks	100	50	300	

A trial examination should cover the entire curriculum and the structure of the question paper should resemble the final examination question paper.

Daily assessment is important for monitoring teaching and learning.



GRADE 12

TERM 4

Week/hour	Торіс	Content	Recommended resources
4 weeks (Weeks 1-4)	Revision exercises	Revision of all topics in preparation for final examinations	Previous question papers Textbook exercises Exemplar papers Examination Guidelines
6 weeks (Weeks 5-10)		Final examination	

Term 4			
Year mark Endofyear examination Total			
100	300	400	





SECTION 4

4.1 What is assessment?

Assessment is a continuous, planned process of identifying, gathering and interpreting information about the performance of learners, using various forms of assessment. It involves four steps: generating and collecting evidence of achievement; evaluating this evidence; recording the findings and using this information to understand and thereby assist the learner's development in order to improve the process of learning and teaching.

Assessment should be both informal (Assessment for Learning) and formal (Assessment of Learning). In both cases regular feedback should be provided to learners to enhance the learning experience.

Assessment in Accounting gathers valid information about the learners' knowledge, skills, values, attitudes and ability to make meaningful and informed, personal, collaborative financial decisions in economic and social environments. The study and assessment of Accounting must not only cover the recording, reporting and interpreting of financial information but should also promote critical reflection on diverse Accounting issues.

Accounting covers valuable skills that prepare learners for success in a variety of careers. Teachers must take all these skills into account when planning teaching, learning and assessment activities. For example, the ability to make appropriate financial decisions in consultation with other stakeholders in a business context is crucial for learners to achieve success or exploit opportunities in the business environment.

4.2 Informal or daily assessment

Assessment for learning has the purpose of continuously collecting information on a learner's achievement that can be used to improve their learning.

Informal assessment is a daily monitoring of learners' progress. This is done through observations, discussions, practical demonstrations, learner-teacher conferences, informal classroom interactions, etc. Informal assessment may be as simple as stopping during the lesson to observe learners or to discuss with learners how learning is progressing. Informal assessment should be used to provide feedback to the learners and to inform planning for teaching, but need not be recorded. It should not be seen as separate from learning activities taking place in the classroom. Learners or teachers can mark these assessment tasks.

Self-assessment and peer assessment actively involve learners in assessment. This is important as it allows learners to learn from and reflect on their own performance. The results of the informal daily assessment tasks are not formally recorded unless the teacher wishes to do so. The results of daily assessment tasks are not taken into account for promotion and certification purposes.

4.3 Formal assessment

All assessment tasks that make up a formal programme of assessment for the year are regarded as Formal Assessment. Formal assessment tasks are marked and formally recorded by the teacher for progression and certification purposes. All Formal Assessment tasks are subject to moderation for the purpose of quality assurance and to ensure that appropriate standards are maintained.

Formal assessment provides teachers with a systematic way of evaluating how well learners are progressing in a grade and in a particular subject. Examples of formal assessments include tests, examinations, practical tasks,

projects, oral presentations, demonstrations, performances, etc. Formal assessment tasks form part of a year-long formal Programme of Assessment in each grade and subject.

The Programme of Assessment for Accounting in Grades 10 and 11 consists of seven tasks which are internally assessed. Of the seven tasks, the six tasks which are completed during the school year make up 25% of the total mark for Accounting, while the endofyear examination is the seventh task and makes up the remaining 75%.

In Grade 12, assessment consists of two components: a Programme of Assessment which makes up 25% of the total mark for Accounting and an external examination which makes up the remaining 75%. The Programme of Assessment for Accounting consists of seven tasks which are internally assessed. The external examination is externally set and moderated.

Formal assessment tasks form part of a yearlong formal Programme of Assessment in each grade and subject, are school-based and are weighted as follows for the different grades:

Grades	Tasks undertaken during the year	Endofyear examination
R - 3	100%	n/a
4 - 6	75%	25%
7 - 9	40%	60%
10 and 11	25%	75%
12	25%	External examination: 75%

The forms of assessment used should be age and developmental level appropriate. The design of these tasks should cover the content of the subject and include a variety of tasks designed to achieve the objectives of the subject.

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Formal assessments must cater for a range of cognitive levels and abilities of learners, as shown below:

Table 1

Cognitive levels	Activity	Percentage of task
Knowledge and comprehension Levels 1 and 2	Basic thinking skills (e.g. factual recall, lowlevel comprehension and lowlevel application)	30%
Application and analysis Levels 3 and 4	Moderately high thinking skills (e.g. more advanced application, interpreta- tion and lowlevel analysis)	40%
Synthesis and evaluation Levels 5 and 6	Higherorder thinking skills (e.g. ad- vanced analytical skills, evaluation and creative problem-solving)	30%

4.4 Programme of Assessment Grades 10-12

The Programme of Assessment is designed to spread formal assessment tasks in all subjects in a school throughout a term. The requirements (number and nature of tasks) for Accounting are indicated below:

Grade 10 Programme of Assessment

	Ter	m 1	Tei	rm 2	Ter	m 3	Ter	m 4	
Assessment	Presentation	Test	Project	Midyear examination	Case study	Test	Yearmark	Endofyear examination	Total
Total marks	50	100	50	200	50	100		300	
Convert to a	10	20	20	20	10	20	100	300	400
mark out of:	(50 ÷ 5)	(100 ÷ 5)	(50 ÷ 2.5)	(200 ÷ 10)	(50 ÷ 5)	(100 ÷ 5)			

Grade 11 Programme of Assessment

	Ter	m 1	Term 2		Term 3		Term 4		
Assessment	Written report	Test	Project	Midyear examination	Presentation	Test	Yearmark	Endofyear examination	Total
Total marks	50	100	50	300	50	100		300	
Convert to a mark out of:	10 (50 ÷ 5)	20 (100 ÷ 5)	20 (50 ÷ 2.5)	20 (300 ÷ 15)	10 (50 ÷ 5)	20 (100 ÷ 5)	100	300	400

Grade 12 Programme of Assessment

	Ter	m 1	Ter	m 2		Term 3		Ter	m 4	
Assessment	Written report	Test	Project	Midyear examination	Test	Case study	Trial examination	Yearmark	Endofyear examination	Total
Total marks	50	100	50	300	100	50	300		300	
Convert to a mark out of:	10 (50 ÷ 5)	10 (100 ÷10)	20 (50 ÷ 2.5)	20 (300 ÷ 15)	10 (100 ÷ 10)	10 (50 ÷ 5)	20 (300 ÷ 15)	100	300	400

4.4.1 Other forms of assessment

Project

A project in each of the grades in the FET band is mandatory. Only one project per annum is recommended per grade. When preparing a project, consider the following minimum requirements:

• Learners should be given the necessary guidance prior to commencement of the project and their progress must be monitored.

- Aspects of the project should be completed in class to enable teachers to monitor progress;
- All criteria used to assess the project must be discussed with the learners.
- Generally, projects are given a longer period of time to complete as they involve some form of research, consolidating and choosing relevant information and preparing a written document as evidence.
- Often projects can pertain to some form of problem; and
- Research may form part of the project the project is the evidence of the research conducted. However, this is not always the case, e.g. the computerised accounting programme will not involve research but develop skills.

A suggestion is that projects are dealt with towards the end of a particular term (e.g. first term) for submission during the **next** term.

Presentation

Presentations can be written or oral, but there must be evidence of the presentation. All criteria used to assess the presentation must be discussed with the learners prior to the commencement of the presentation.

Where resources are available, the use of electronic presentations should be encouraged.

Case Study

Learners are presented with a real-life situation, a problem or an incident related to the topic. They are expected to assume a particular role in articulating the position. They would draw on their own experience, the experience of peers or prior learning to interpret, analyse and solve a problem or problems.

Newspaper articles, magazine articles, and TV or radio presentations form excellent case studies. Learners have to read and/or listen, digest the information and then make informed decisions. Questions can range from lower order - direct quotes from the article - to higher order when they are asked to analyse comments and possibly make suggestions.

Case studies are a very good way of keeping the subject up to date and relevant.

Report

A report is generally the written evidence of a survey, analysis or investigation. Generally, this will be shorter than a project and it is specific to the topic, e.g. a business has come to you for advice on whether the business is experiencing liquidity problems. Often it implies consulting with an expert for advice on some problem - therefore it links very well with problem-solving.

Tests

Two tests, written under **controlled** conditions, are prescribed for Grades 10-12. These tests should adhere to the following:

- they must be completed by all classes in the same grade on the same day;
- all learners write the same test, which is completed under examination conditions;
- questions must comply with yearend examination standards;

- where there is more than one teacher, agreement must be reached on the scope, as well as the date and time
 of the test;
- duration of each of these tests should be at least one hour for 100 marks;
- tests should cover the different cognitive levels as in examinations. See table on cognitive levels in section

4.4.2 Examinations

The following guidelines should be considered when constructing examinations:

Content

Content stipulated specifically for the grade	80%
Content stipulated in previous grades which have an impact on assessment in subsequent grades	20%

• Cognitive levels: Refer to Bloom's revised taxonomy: Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analysing, Evaluating and Creating

Basic thinking skills (e.g. factual recall, lowlevel comprehension and low-level application)	30%
Moderately high thinking skills (e.g. more advanced application, interpretation and lowlevel analysis)	40%
Higherorder thinking skills (e.g. advanced analytical skills, evaluation and creative problem-solving)	30%

Problem solving

Approximately 10% of all examinations should address problem-solving questions using critical and creative thinking. These include the solving of real-life problems within the context of the Accounting curriculum.

These problem-solving questions must also cover a range of cognitive skills (lower, middle and higher order) to cater for all learners but within the context of the learners. For example, '*surface*' problem-solving questions might involve recall or comprehension skills on familiar information while '*deep*' problem-solving questions will generally involve creative solutions in new and unfamiliar scenarios falling within the ambit of the Accounting curriculum.

While ratio and analysis can form very interesting problem-solving questions, the topic of problem solving goes a lot further and should be integrated into all aspects of the curriculum so that the learners develop the skills to apply the knowledge acquired.

Guidelines for '*deep*' problem-solving questions:

- Learners identify problems from Accounting information provided.
- Learners quote the relevant information to support their opinions on the problems.
- Learners provide valid and appropriate solutions.

Midyear examinations

Below is an outline of the structure of the mid-year examinations in each of the grades.

	Paper	Time	Marks	Topics
Grade 10	1	2 hours	200	In proportion to time
Grade 11	1	3 hours	300	devoted to each topic
Grade 12	1	3 hours	300	(as indicated in work schedule)

Trial examination (Grade 12 only)

A trial examination is one of the seven tasks of the Programme of Assessment for **Grade 12**. Ideally, the trial examination should cover the full scope of the Grade 12 curriculum and should model the final Grade 12 examination. Below is an outline of the structure of the trial examination:

	Paper	Time	Marks	Content
Grade 12	1	3 hours	300	Full scope

End of year examinations

Grades 10-12 should write a 3hour examination of 300 marks as a final examination.

	Paper	Time	Marks	Financial Accounting	Managerial Accounting	Managing resources
Grade 10	1	3 hours	300	60% - 70%	5% - 10%	25% - 30%
Grade 11	1	3 hours	300	50% - 60%	20% - 25%	20% - 25%
Grade 12	1	3 hours	300	50% - 60%	20% - 25%	20% - 25%

4.5 Recording and reporting

Recording is a process in which the teacher documents the level of a learner's performance in a specific assessment task. It indicates learner progress towards the achievement of the knowledge as prescribed in the Curriculum and Assessment Policy Statements. Records of learner performance should provide evidence of the learner's conceptual progression within a grade and her/his readiness to progress or promote to the next grade. Records of learner performance should also be used to verify the progress made by teachers and learners in the teaching and learning process.

Reporting is a process of communicating learner performance to learners, parents, schools, and other stakeholders. Learner performance can be reported in a number of ways. These include report cards, parents' meetings, school visitation days, parentteacher conferences, phone calls, letters, class or school newsletters, etc. Teachers in all grades report in percentages against the subject. Seven levels of competence have been described for each subject listed for Grades R - 12. The various achievement levels and their corresponding percentage bands are as shown in the Table below.

Rating code	Description of competence	Percentage
7	Outstanding achievement	80 - 100
6	Meritorious achievement	70 - 79
5	Substantial achievement	60 - 69
4	Adequate achievement	50 - 59
3	Moderate achievement	40 - 49
2	Elementary achievement	30 - 39
1	Not achieved	0 - 29

Note: The seven-point scale should have clear descriptors that give detailed information for each level.

Teachers will record actual marks against the task by using a record sheet; and report percentages against the subject on the learners' report cards.

4.6 Moderation of assessment

Moderation refers to the process that ensures that the assessment tasks are fair, valid and reliable. Moderation should be implemented at school, district, provincial and national levels. Comprehensive and appropriate moderation practices must be in place for the quality assurance of all subject assessments.

Formal assessment (SBA)

Moderation at the school will be carried out at least once each school term by the Head of Department responsible for the subject. This moderation needs to take place before cluster, district, regional or provincial moderation. Teachers' portfolios and evidence of learner performance must be moderated to ensure that a variety of assessment tasks have been used to address various topics and that assessment covered a range of cognitive levels.

4.7 Annexure: format of financial statements

SOLE PROPRIETOR

INCOME STATEMENT - SERVICE BUSINESS

Name of sole proprietor

Name of business

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED

	Note	R
Income from services rendered		
Other operating income		
Discount received		
Rent income		
Profit on sale of assets		
Commission income		
etc.		
Gross operating income		
Operating expenses		
Salaries and wages		
Advertising		
Depreciation		
Bad debts		
Sundry expenses		
etc.		
Operating profit (loss)		
Interest income	1	
Profit (loss) before interest expense		
Interest expense	2	
Net profit (loss) for the year		

SOLE TRADER INCOME STATEMENT - TRADING BUSINESS

Name of sole trader

Name of business

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED

	Note	R
Sales		
Cost of sales		
Gross profit		
Other operating income		
Discount received		
Rent income		
Profit on sale of assets		
Bad debts recovered		
etc.		
Gross operating income		
Operating expenses		
Salaries and wages		
Advertising		
Depreciation		
Bad debts		
Sundry expenses		
etc.		
Operating profit (loss)		
Interest income	1	
Profit (loss) before interest expense		
Interest expense	2	
Net profit (loss) for the year		

SOLE TRADER BALANCE SHEET - TRADING BUSINESS

Name of sole trader

Name of business

BALANCE SHEET AT

R

Note

NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Fixed / Tangible assets	3	
Financial assets		

CURRENT ASSETS

Inventories	4	
Trade & other receivables	5	
Cash & cash equivalents	6	

TOTAL ASSETS

EQUITY & LIABILITIES



OWNERS' EQUITY

	-	
Capital		
		I

NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

Loan from	
Loan from	

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Trade & other payables	8	
Bank overdraft		
Current portion of loan (NB: could be placed in Note 8)		

TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES

SOLE TRADER

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - TRADING BUSINESS

Name of sole trader

Name of business

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT

1 INTEREST INCOME

On fixed deposit		
On savings account		
On current bank account		
On overdue debtors		

2 INTEREST EXPENSE

On loan from		
On overdraft		

3 FIXED/TANGIBLE ASSETS

FIXED/TANGIBLE ASSETS	Land & buildings	Vehicles	Equipment	Total
Carrying value at beginning of year				
Cost				
Accumulated depreciation				

Movements

Additions		
Disposals at carrying value		
Depreciation		

Carrying value at end of year

Cost		
Accumulated depreciation		

4 INVENTORIES

Trading stock	
Consumable stores on hand	

5 TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade debtors	
Provision for bad debts	
Net trade debtors	
Expenses prepaid	
Income accrued (receivable)	

6 CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

Fixed deposit (maturing within 12 months)	
Savings account	
Bank	
Cash float	
Petty cash	

7 OWNER'S EQUITY

Balance at beginning of year	
Additional capital contributed	
Net profit (loss) for the year	
Drawings	
Balance at end of year	

8 TRADE & OTHER PAYABLES

Trade creditors	
Expenses accrued (payable)	
Income received in advance (deferred)	

.

PARTNERSHIP INCOME STATEMENT - TRADING BUSINESS

Names of partners

Name of business

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE	YEAR ENDED
---------------------------------	------------

	Note	R
Sales		
Cost of sales		
Gross profit		
Other operating income		
Discount received		
Rent income		
Profit on sale of assets		
Bad debts recovered		
etc.		
Gross operating income		
Operating expenses		
Salaries and wages		
Advertising		
Depreciation		
Bad debts		
Sundry expenses		
etc.		
Operating profit (loss)		
Interest income	1	
Profit (loss) before interest expense		
Interest expense	2	
Net profit (loss) for the year		

Note

R

PARTNERSHIP BALANCE SHEET - TRADING BUSINESS

Names of partners

Name of business	Name	of	business
------------------	------	----	----------

BALANCE S	HEET AT	

ASSETS

NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Fixed / Tangible assets	3	
Financial assets		

CURRENT ASSETS

Inventories	4	
Trade & other receivables	5	
Cash & cash equivalents	6	

TOTAL ASSETS

EQUITY & LIABILITIES



OWNER'S EQUITY

Capital	7	
Current accounts	8	

NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

Loan from	
Loan from	

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Trade & other payables	8	
Bank overdraft		
Current portion of loan		
(NB could be placed in Note 8)		

TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES

PARTNERSHIP NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - TRADING BUSINESS

Names of partners Name of business NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT

1 INTEREST INCOME

On fixed deposit	
On savings account	
On current bank account	
On overdue debtors	

2 INTEREST EXPENSE

On loan from	
On overdraft	
On overdue creditors	

3 FIXED/TANGIBLE ASSETS Land & Vehicles Equipment Tetal

	buildings	venicies	Equipment	TOLAI
Carrying value at beginning of year	(c)			
Cost	(ÉcoleBo	oks		
Accumulated depreciation				

Movements

Additions		
Disposals at carrying value		
Depreciation		

Carrying value at end of year

Cost		
Accumulated depreciation		

4 INVENTORIES

Trading stock	
Consumable stores on hand	

5 TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade debtors	
Provision for bad debts	
Net trade debtors	
Expenses prepaid	

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Income accrued (receivable)

Deposit for water and electricity

6 CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

Fixed deposit (maturing within 12 months)	
Savings account	
Bank	
Cash float	
Petty cash	

7 CAPITAL

Balance at beginning of year	
Net profit (loss) for the year	
Additional capital contributed	
Decreasing of capital	
Balance at end of year	

8	CURRENT ACCOUNTS	Partner A	Partner B	Total
	Net profit as per Income Statement			
	Partners' salaries			
	Interest on capital	oks		
	Partners' bonuses			
	Primary distribution of profit			
	Final distribution of profit			
	Drawings for the year			
	Undrawn profits (retained income) for the year			
	Balance at beginning of year			
	(may be used as the starting figure at the top of this note)			
	Balance at end of year			

9 TRADE & OTHER PAYABLES

Trade creditors	
Expenses accrued (payable)	
Income received in advance (deferred)	
Creditors for salaries	
Pension Fund	
Medical Fund	
South African Revenue Services (PAYE)	
etc.	

CLUB STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

Name of club

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED

	Note	R
RECEIPTS		
Membership fees		
Entrance fees		
Donations		
Sale of refreshments		
Fixed deposit matured		
Interest on fixed deposit		
Interest on savings account		
etc.		
PAYMENTS		
Salaries and wages		
Purchase of refreshments		
Investment in fixed deposit		
Repairs ÉcoleBooks		
Equipment		
Bank charges		
Creditors		
etc.		
Surplus (Deficit) for the year		
Opening balances		
Bank		
Savings account		
Closing balances		
Bank		
Savings account		

INVESTMENT IN FIXED DEPOSIT	
Balance at beginning of year	
Changes during the year	
Interest capitalised	
Balance at end of year	

..... LIMITED

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED

	Note	R
Sales		
Cost of sales		
Gross profit		
Other operating income		
Fee income (from services rendered)		
Rent income		
etc.		
Operating expenses		1
Salaries & wages		
Directors' fees		
Audit fees		
Depreciation		
etc.		
Operating profit (loss)		
Interest income	1	
Interest expense	2	
Profit (loss) before tax		
Income tax		
Net profit (loss) after tax	8	

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COMPANY BALANCE SHEET

BALANCE SHEET AT

		Note	R
ASSETS			

NONCURRENT ASSETS

Fixed/Tangible assets	3	
Financial assets		

CURRENT ASSETS

Inventories	4	
Trade & other receivables	5	
Cash & cash equivalents	6	

TOTAL ASSETS

EQUITY & LIABILITIES



SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Share capital	7	
Retained income	8	

NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Loan from	
Loan from	

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Trade & other payables	9	
Bank overdraft		
Current portion of loan		
(NB: could be placed in Note 10)		

TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES

..... LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT

1 INTEREST INCOME

On fixed deposit	
On savings account	
On current bank account	
On overdue debtors	

2 INTEREST EXPENSE

On loan from	

3	FIXED ASSETS	Land & buildings	Vehicles	Equipment	Total
	Carrying value at beginning of year				
	Cost				
	Accumulated depreciation				
	Movements	ÉcoleBo	ooks		
	Additions				
	Disposals at carrying value				
	Depreciation				
	Carrying value at end of year				
	Cost				
	Accumulated depreciation				

4 INVENTORIES

Trading stock	
Consumable stores on hand	

5 TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade debtors	
Provision for bad debts	
Net trade debtors	
SARS (Income tax)	
SARS (Income tax) Expenses prepaid	

6 CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

Fixed deposit (maturing within 12 months)	
Savings account	
Bank	
Cash float	
Petty cash	

7 ORDINARY SHARE CAPITAL

AUTHORISED

Number of authorised ordinary shares: shares	
ISSUED	
ordinary shares in issue at beginning of the year	
additional shares issued during the financial year at issue price R each	

_ ordinary shares in issue at end of the year

8 RETAINED INCOME

Balance at beginning of year	ÉcoleBooks	
Net profit (loss) after tax for the year		
Dividends on ordinary shares		
Paid		
Recommended		

Balance at end of year

9 TRADE & OTHER PAYABLES

Trade creditors	
Expenses accrued (payable)	
Income received in advance (deferred)	
Shareholders for dividends	
SA Revenue Services (income tax)	
Creditors for salaries	
Unemployment Insurance Fund	
Pension Fund	
Medical Aid Fund	

COMPANY CASH FLOW STATEMENT

..... LIMITED

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED

	Note	R
Cash effects of operating activities		
Cash generated (utilised) from operations	1	
Interest paid		
Dividends paid	3	
Income tax paid	4	
Cash effects of investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets	5	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		
Investments matured/placed		
Cash effects of financing activities		
Proceeds of shares issued		
Long-term loans received/repaid		
Net change in cash & cash equivalents	2	
Cash & cash equivalents at beginning of year	2	
Cash & cash equivalents at end of year	2	

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR YEAR ENDED

1 RECONCILIATION BETWEEN NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX AND CASH

GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	
Net profit before taxation	
Adjustments in respect of:	
Depreciation	
Interest expense	
Operating profit before changes in working capital	
Cash effects of changes in working capital	
Change in inventory	



Change in receivables	
Change in payables	

Cash generated from operations

2	CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS	Net change	Year 2	Year 1
	Bank			
	Cash float			
	Petty cash			

3 DIVIDENDS PAID

Dividends for year as reflected in financial statements	
Balance at beginning of year	
Balance at end of year	

Dividends paid

4 INCOME TAX PAID

Income tax for year as reflected in financial s	tatements
Balance at beginning of year	
Balance at end of year	ÉcoleBooks

Income tax paid

5 FIXED ASSETS PURCHASED

Land & buildings	
Vehicles	
Equipment	

WORKINGS	FA at Net Book Value
Start	
Add: Buy	
Less: Sell	
Less: Depreciation	
= End	

MANUFACTURING BUSINESS PRODUCTION COST STATEMENT

Name of manufacturer

PRODUCTION COST STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED

	Note	R
Direct materials cost	1	
Direct labour cost	2	
Prime cost		
Factory overheads cost	3	
Total cost of production		
Add: Workinprocess at beginning of year		
Less: Workinprocess at end of year		
Cost of production of finished goods		

MANUFACTURING BUSINESS INCOME STATEMENT

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED

	Note	R
Sales		
Less: Cost of sales		
Gross profit		
Selling & distribution cost	4	
Administration cost	5	
Net profit		

This is the short-form Income Statement (with notes for cost accounts) advised for Manufacturing businesses.

NOTES TO THE PRODUCTION COST STATEMENT & INCOME STATEMENT

I	DIRECT (RAW) MATERIALS COST	ÉcoleBooks	R
	Balance at beginning of year		
	Purchases		
	Carriage inwards		
	Less: Balance at end of year		

2	DIRECT LABOUR COST	R
	Direct wages	
	Pension, medical & UIF benefits	

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3	FACTORY OVERHEADS COST	R
	Factory indirect wages	
	Pension, medical & UIF benefits	
	Factory rent	
	Depreciation on factory equipment	

4	SELLING & DISTRIBUTION COST	ÉcoleBooks	R
	Commission on sales		
	Advertising		
	Bad debts		

5	ADMINISTRATION COST	R
	Office salaries	

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Pension, medical & UIF benefits	
Depreciation on office equipment	



MANUFACTURING BUSINESS CASH BUDGET

Name of business.....

CASH BUDGET FOR THE PERIOD TO

** Actual & variance columns optional

** Could also be shown monthly

	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Total budget	** Actual	** Variance
RECEIPTS						
Cash sales						
Collections from debtors						
	É ÉÉC	oleBooks				
TOTAL RECEIPTS						
PAYMENTS						
Cash purchases of stock						
Payments to creditors						

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	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Total	**	**
			Month	budget	Actual	Variance
TOTAL PAYMENTS						
CASH SURPLUS/DEFICIT						
BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF MONTH	(de les	alaBaaks				
CASH ON HAND AT END OF MONTH						

MANUFACTURING BUSINESS DEBTORS' COLLECTION SCHEDULE

	Credit sales	Collections Month 1	Collections Month 2	Collections Month 3
Month -2				
Month -1				
Month 1				
Month 2				
Month 3				

MANUFACTURING BUSINESS CREDITORS' PAYMENT SCHEDULE

Note: Format of Creditors' Payment Schedule may change depending on nature of information given

CREDITORS' PAYMENT SCHEDULE FOR THE PERIODTO

		Month 1	Month 2	Month 3
Cost of sales				
Add: Closing stock				
Less: Opening stock				
= Purchases				
Cash purchases				
Credit purchases				
	Credit	Payments	Payments	Payments
	purchases	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3
Month -2				
Month -1	École	ooks		
Month 1				
Month 2				
Month 3				

PROJECTED INCOME STATEMENT

Name of business.....

** Actual & variance columns optional

** Could also be shown monthly

	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Total projection	** Actual	** Variance
Sales						
Less: Cost of sales						
Gross profit						
Add: Other income						
Rent income						
Commission income		Rea:				
		GECOIG	BOOKS			
Less: Operating expenses						
Salaries & wages						
Depreciation						

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	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Total projection	** Actual	** Variance
Operating profit						
Add: Interest income						
Less: Interest expense						
Net profit						

4.8 General

This document should be read in conjunction with:

4.8.1 National policy pertaining to the programme and promotion requirements of the National Curriculum Statement Grades *R*-12; and

ÉcoleBooks

4.8.2 The policy document, National Protocol for Assessment Grades R-12.







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