

GODMARK HIGH SCHOOL **BEGINNING OF TERM ONE EXAMINATIONS 2016 S.4 COMMERCE**

TIME: 1:30MINUTES

INSTRUCTIONS SECTION IS COMPULSORY

ATTEMPT FOUR QUI	ESTIONS FROM S	ECTION B			
1. The two stages in pro	oduction of goods ar	re			
A. Manufacturing and e	. Manufacturing and exchange B. Extraction and manufacturing				
C. Manufacturing and r	. Manufacturing and retailing D. Industry and commerce				
2. A type of marketing	board established th	rough the act of parlia	ment is		
A. Statuary market board B. Advisory marketing board					
C. Export marketing bo	C. Export marketing board D. Producer marketing board				
3. A trader who worries	s about a risk of fire	damaging his property	will seek the se	ervice of	
A. Fire bri	igade B. National w	vater C. Insurance	company	D. Police	
4. Given that profit man	rgin of Kawumpuli	and son enterprises is 2	20%, what is the	mark up of the business	
A. 33.33% B. 40%	C. 25% D.	20%			
5. Who of the following	g provides a direct s	ervice?			
A. Doctor	B. Builder	C. Shop keeper	D. Mir	ner	
6. Which of the followi	ng is not an advanta	age of locations of indu	ıstries		
A. Encouraging export	promotion industrie	s			
B. Boosting import sub	estitution industries				
C. Increasing social cos	sts				
D. Acceleration urbaniz	zation				
7. A cheque where no p	payee is named is ca	lled			
A. Open cheque B	B. Bearer cheque	C. Blank cheque	D. Order cheq	lue	
8. The following are non tariff barriers Except					
A. Total ban B	. Trade embago	C. Quotas	D. Cus	stoms duty	



- 9. What financial institutions facilitates the negotiation of bills of exchange?
- A. Market clearing house
- B. Forex bureau
- C. Investment house D. Discount house.
- 10. The major difference between a trade fair and a trade exhibition is
- A. In a trade fair usually goods are not where as in a trade exhibition they are sold
- B. In trade fair goods are usually sold where as in a trade exhibition they are not usually sold
- C. Trade fairs cover some few goods where as exhibitions cover a wider variety of goods
- D. A trade fair is held at UMA Lugogo where as trade exhibition is held at Muteesa II Momorial stadium Wankuluku
- 11. Registered capital is
- A. The maximum amount of capital a company can raise by selling shares
- B. The total amount shareholders have been asked to pay
- C. The amount of capital that has actually been received from share holders
- D. The total face value of shares that have been issued
- 12. Golola has issued one cheque and instructed DFCU Bank to clear all his promoters through
- A. Western Union
- B. Standing order
- C. Bank draft D. Credit transfer
- 13. Which one of the following is drawn by a debtor?
- A. Debit note
- B. Credit note
- C. Promissory note D. Bill of exchange
- 14. If a trader is given a trade discount of 20% and a 50% cash discount for goods purchased at shs. 100,000, how much will he pay?
 - A. 75,000/=
- B. 80,000/= C. 76,000/=
- D. 660,000/=
- 15. The practice where valuable goods are insured by more than one insurance company is called
- A. Re- insurance
- B. Co- insurance
- C. Double insurance D. Multi-insurance
- 16.reveals the gross profit of a trader
- A. Balance sheet
- B. Trading account C. Profit and loss account D. Trial balance

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17. The relationship between country's export prices and import prices is referred to as A. Balance				
of trade B. Terms of trade C. Balance of payment D. Terms of payment				
18. Which of the following can be used to establish the net capital employed of the business?				
A. Total assets minus current liabilities B. Current assets minus current liabilities				
C. Fixed assets plus current assets D. None				
19. Which of the following organizations is responsible for consumer protection				
A. Uganda wild life authority B. Uganda revenue authority				
B. Uganda national financial transaction D. Uganda bureau of statistics				
20. E.F.T. as used in banking stands for				
A. Electronic funds transfer B. Express funds transfer				
C. Economic financial transaction D. Easy transfer Folio				
SECTION B				
21. a) Explain the elements of transport (08marks)				
b) Describe factors that influence choice of a transport mode (12marks)				
22. a) Define the following terms as used in insurance				
(i) Re- insurance (02marks)				
(ii) Surrender value (02marks)				
(iii) Pooling of risks (02marks)				
(iv) Annuity (02marks)				
b) Explain any four basic principles of insurance (08marks)				
c) Outline four factors that may make it necessary for an insurance company to re-insure (04marks)				
23. a) Distinguish between sales promotion and market research (04marks)				
b) Give 6 reasons why manufacturers carry out Market research (12marks)				

c) Outline four factors that may limit manufacturers from carrying out Market research (04marks)



24.	rative	society	ing and credit cooperative society that streamline the operation of sav	(SACCO)	(04mar	•
		C) Under what circums	stances may a cooperative society b	e dissolved?	(04ma	rks\)
25.	a) I	Define the term distribution	on		(02ma	rks)
		•	hat influence the distribution of goo tween a super market and departme		(08ma (10ma	rks) rks) 26.
		a) Distinguish betwee	en Money order and Telegraphic m	oney transfer		(04marks)
		b) Explain four facto	ors that influence a choice of a med	um of communic	cation	(08marks)
		c) State four barriers of	f effective communication			(04marks)
27.		a) Distinguish between	Branding and Packaging			(04marks)
		b) Give four				
	(i)	Advantages of branding	5		(08ma	rks)
	(ii)	Disadvantages of packa	ging		(08ma	rks)
28.		a) Write brief notes on	the following			
	(i)	Goods available for sale	e (02marks)			
	(ii)	Receipt book	(02marks)			
	(iii)	Payment voucher	(02marks)			
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b) Brazaliriki Traders Limited a flourishing business with capacity to replace its stock five times a year had the following information as at 31^{st} Dec 2014

Particulars	Shillings
Capital	9,000,000
Premises	5,000,000
Equipment	2,000,000
Credit	400,000



Stock at 31st Dec 2014 1, 200,000

Stock at 1st Jan 2014 1,800,000

Accrued rent 150,000

Cash at Bank 1,800,000

Debtors 600,000

Debentures 3,500,000

Calculate;

i. Liquid capital (03marks)

ii. Circulating capital (03marks) iii. Capital employed (04marks)

iv. Cost of sales (04marks)

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