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535/1	
Physics Paper 1	
Paper 1	
2019	



UGANDA CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION PHYSICS PAPER ONE 2 HOURS 15 MINUTES

INSTUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, signature and random number clearly in the space above. Section A contains 40 objective type questions. You are required to write the correct answers A, B, C or D against each question in the box on the right hand side of each page.

Section B contains 10 structured questions. Answers are to be written in the spaces provided on the question paper.

Mathematics tables and non-programmable calculators may be used.

You may find the following constants useful:

Acceleration due to gravity g = 10 m s^{-2} Specific heat capacity of water = $4200 \text{ J kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ Density of pure water = 1000 kg m^{-3} Specific heat capacity of copper = $400 \text{ J kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ Speed of light = $3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$

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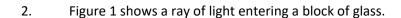
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	MSQ	Total

SECTION A

1. Water waves change direction when they move from shallow water to deep water.

What is the name of this effect?

- A. diffract
- B. dispersion
- C. reflection
- D. refraction



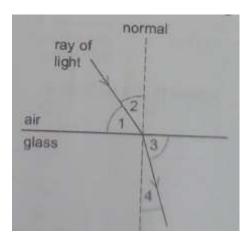


Fig 1

Which numbered angles are the angles of incidence and refraction?

	Angle of incidence	Angle of refraction
А	1	3
В	1	4
С	2	3
D	2	4

- 3. Which type of wave cannot travel through a vacuum?
 - A. Infra-red radiation
 - B. Microwaves
 - C. Sound waves



D. X-rays

4.	How ca	in a permanent magnet be demagnetized?
	A.	cool the magnet for a long time
	В.	hit the magnet repeatedly with a hammer
	C.	leave the magnet in a coil
	D.	pass a small current through the magnet
5.	An elec	tromagnet is used to separate magnetic metals from non-magnetic metals. Why is steel
	unsuita	able as the core of the electromagnet?
	A.	It is a good conductor of electricity
	В.	It forms a permanent magnet
	C.	It has a high density
	D.	It has a high thermal density.
6.	A polyt	hene rod repels an inflated balloon hanging from a nylon thread. What charges must the
	rod and	d the balloon carry?
	A.	The rod and the balloon carry opposite charges
	В.	The rod and the balloon carry like charges.
	C.	The rod is charged but the balloon is not
	D.	The balloon is charged but rod is not
7.	Which	statement is correct?
	A.	A fuse is included in a circuit to prevent current becoming too high.
	В.	A fuse should be connected to the neutral wire in a plug.
	C.	An electric circuit will only work if it includes a fuse
	D.	An earth wire is needed to prevent the fuse blowing

8. The equation shows the decay of the nuclide X

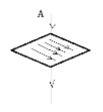
$$^{226}_{88}\chi \longrightarrow _{_{Q}^{p}Y \,+\, _{2}^{4}He}$$

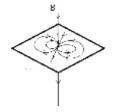
What are the values of P and Q respectively?

- A. 230, 90
- C. 222, 90
- B. 230, 86
- D. 222, 86

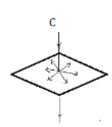


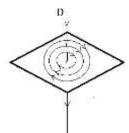
- 9. A plane mirror is on a wall. Which is a correct description of the image formed by the mirror?
 - A. It is up right and smaller than the object
 - B. It is up right and the same size as the object
 - C. Upside down and smaller than the object
 - D. Upside down and the same size as the objects
- 10. A straight wire carrying a current produces a magnetic field. Which diagram shows the correct











shape of the field?

11. A student carries out an experiment to see the effect of a magnetic field on a wire carrying a current. The wire moves upwards as shown in figure 2.



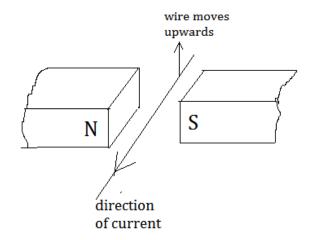


Fig 2

What should the student do to make the wire move downwards?

- A. Change the direction of the current
- B. Move the poles of the magnet closer together
- C. Send a smaller current through the wire
- D. Use a stronger magnet
- 12. A beam of cathode rays passes through an electric field between two parallel plates

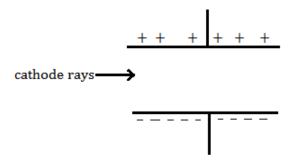


Fig. 3

In which direction is the beam deflected

- A. Into the page
- B. Out of the page
- C. Towards the bottom of the page
- D. Towards the top of the page
- 13. Which line correctly describes α -particles



		Electric charge	Penetrates 1cm of aluminum	
	A	Negative	Yes	
	В	Negative	No	
	С	Positive	Yes	
	D	Positive	no	
14.	A s	mall amount of a ra	dioactive isotope contains 72 billio	n unstable nuclei. The half-life of the
	iso	tope is 4 hours. Hov	v many unstable nuclei wound rem	ain after 12 hours?
	A.	6 billion		
	В.	9 billion		
	C.	18 billion		
	D.	9 billion		
15.	tha	pring is stretched by t stretches the spring . Friction B M	ng?	What is the name given to the force D weight
16.		mark the lower fixe	d point of a Celsius scale on a therr	mometer, the thermometer should be
	Ар	oure alcohol.	B pure distilled water.	
	Сþ	oure melting ice.	D pure mercury.	
17.	A b	eaker of water is he	eated at its base.	
	Wh	y does the water at	t the base rise?	
	A.	It contracts and be	ecomes less dense.	
	В.	It contract and bed	comes more dense.	
	C.	It expands and bed	comes less dense.	
	D.	It expands and bed	comes more dense.	

The circuit in figure 4, the reading of ammeter 1 is 2 A.

18.



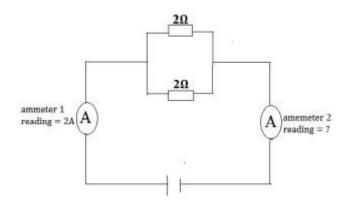


Fig. 4

What is the reading on ammeter 2?

- A 0 A
- B 1A
- C 2 A
- D 4A



- 19. Which particles are emitted during thermionic emission?
 - A electrons

B ions

C neutrons

D protons



20. A vertical stick is dipped up and down in water at P. In two seconds, three waves crests are produced on the surface of the water.

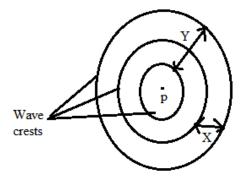


Fig. 5

Which of the statements below is true?

- A. Distance X is the amplitude of the waves.
- B. Distance Y is the wavelength of the waves
- C. Each circle represents a wave-front.
- D. The frequency of the waves is 3Hz.

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21.	A car st	arts from	rest a	nd acce	elerates	uniforr	nly at 2 i	m s ⁻² .	Find	the distan	ce it covers in 6 s.
	A. 12	m	В. 3	86 m		C.	72 m		D.	108 m	
22.	A force	of 50 N m	noves	an obje	ct thro	ugh a di	stance o	f 200	m in	40 s. Find	the power used.
	A. 1	00 W			В.	160 W					
	C. 20	0 W			D.	250 W					
25.	A notch	n on a mat	erial s	preads	more r	apidly v	vhen the	mat	erial i	S	
	A. iı	n tension			В.	in com	pression	1			
	C. I	pre-stress	ed		D.	reinfo	rced				
A. 2	ne kinetic 2 joules 20 joules Which	of mass 0 energy wo of the follomages are	ith who	ich the	body h B. D. with re	its the and a solution its the angle of the	ground. s es o convex			ound.	
	B. Ir	mages are	dimin	nished f	or all re	eal obje	ct positio	ons			
	C. T	he image	is alwa	ays bet	ween th	ne optic	al Centre	e and	d foca	l point	
	D. T	hey are u	sed as	rear-vi	ew miri	rors in v	ehicles				
26.	Fig. 6	6 ——	8 N	→ P)	6 N					
	Two for	rces of 6 N	l and 8	8 N act	on obje	ct P as	shown ii	n the	figure	e 3 above.	
	The res	ultant for	ce on	the obj	ect is						
	A.	1.33 N		В.	2 N	C	. 10 N		D.	14 N	
27.	A body	starting f	rom re	est is un	iformly	accelei	ated to	a vel	ocity (of 40 m s ⁻¹	in 5 seconds.
	Calcula	te the dist	tance	travelle	d in thi	s time ii	nterval.				
	A. 8 m	l	B. 1	14 m	C	. 100 n	า	D.	200 r	n	
28.	depend				not a fa	ctor on	which th	he fre	equen	cy of wave	es produced in strings

- B. Nature of material from which the string is made
- C. Tension in the string
- D. Wave length in the wave
- 29. The graph in figure 7 below shows the variation of efficiency of a block and tackle system with load.

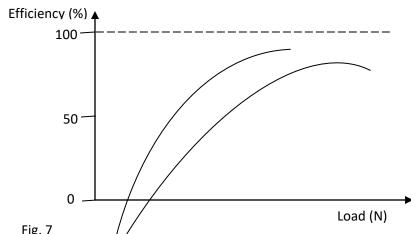


Fig. 7

The graph tenus towards 100% efficient as the load increases since

- A. mechanical advantage is directly proportional to the applied force.
- B. mechanical advantage is never equal to velocity ratio.
- C. energy is wasted in overcoming friction.
- D. The weight of the string and moving pulley becomes negligible small as the load increases
- 30. A body weighs 80 N in air and 60 N when fully immersed in a liquid. Find the volume of liquid displaced by the body if density of the liquid is 800 kg m^{-3}
 - A. 40 m^3

B. 20 m^3

C. 0.25 m^3

- D. 0.0025 m³
- 31. A certain F.M. radio station operates at a frequency 108×10^6 Hz. Calculate wave length of the radio waves.
 - A. 2.96 x 10⁻⁶ m

B. 2.78 m

C 0.36 m

D. 3.37 x 10⁵ m



32.		object is placed 15 cm in front of a	lens of focal length 10 cm. The posi	tion of the	
	A.	6 cm	В. 30 с	m	
	C.	25 cm	D. 20	cm	
33.	Wh	en a capillary tube is dipped into r	mercury	;	
	A.	Cohesion between the mercury n glass so the liquid rises in the tub		s is greater than the adhesion of the	molecules for
	В.	Cohesion between the mercury i	molecul	es is greater than the adhesion of the	e molecules for
		glass so there is capillary depress	ion		
	C.	Adhesion force between the liqui	id and gl	ass is greater hence capillary rise	
	D.	Adhesion force between the liqui	id and gl	ass is greater hence capillary depres	ssion
34.	Chc	oose the odd statement with respo	ect to ac	tion of the lightning conductor.	
	A.	A charged cloud near a lightning	conduct	or induces charges in the conductor	
	В.	The similar charge to one on the	cloud is	repelled to the ground	
	C.	The sharp end of the lightening of	onducto	r serves to pierce the cloud	
	D.	Point action occurs at the sharp of	owing to	the high charge density at the point	
35.	An	S1 student made a record 1.34 cm	n in a les	son on measurements. If taken corre	ectly, which
	inst	rument did the student use to tak	e the m	easurement?	
	A.	Metre tape	В.	micrometer screw gauge	
	C.	Vernier calipers	D.	tape measure	
36.	Wa	ter is preferred to alcohol as a coo	olant in t	the cooling fins because	
	A.	water has a higher specific heat o	apacity	than alcohol.	
	В.	water moves at a higher speed in	the coc	lant than alcohol.	
	C.	water is a better conductor of he	at than	alcohol.	

D. water is more viscous than alcohol.



	SE	ECTION B: (40 MARKS)	
	C. 143 g	D. 450 g	
	A. 14.3 g	B. 45.0 g	
	Calculate the value of m_1		
	200g Fig. 8		
	5cm	50cm 70cm	
40.	_	lle pivoted at its center. A mass of 2 ances horizontally when a mass, m_1	
	C (i), (ii) and (iii) only	D. (i) and (iii) only	
	A. (i) and (iv) only	B. (ii) and (iii) only	
	(iv) The body rotates in one direc	tion.	
	(iii) The sum of moments about a	chosen point is zero.	
	(ii). The clockwise forces are equa	l to anticlockwise forces.	
39.		s are conditions for a body to stay in the op	
	C a newton	D. newton second	
	A. a watt	B. a joule second	
38.	The power developed when one jo	oule of work is done in one second i	is known as,
	A. 41.6 J B. 416 J	C. 4160 J D. 4610) J
	Find the work done by the student	t.	
37.	A student of mass 40 kg runs up a	stair case of 8 steps, each 13 cm hig	gh.

41. (a) Distinguish between **tensile stress** and **tensile strain**



	the tensile stress on the wire.	m ² is acted upon by a (02 ma
(a) What is volume?		(01 mar
(b) A tin of volume 30 c	m ³ has a mass of 94.8 g when full of sucrose	and 62.8 g when half
with the same solution.	. Find the density of sucrose	$(1\frac{1}{2}$ mar
(c)The graph in figure 9 sand.	shows how mass of sand varies with volume	e. Use it to find densit (1 ¹ 2marks)
	m(g) 1	
	<u> </u>	
	150 — — — —	
	150 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	→> v(cm³)



(a) Give two physical properties used in the measurement of temperature.	(01mark)
(b) (i) State the equation of state of an ideal gas.	(01mark)
(ii) The pressure of a fixed mass of gas is 760 mm Hg at a temperature 47° C. Its lowered to 190 mm Hg while the volume is kept constant. What is the new ten gas?	
(a) Sketch the electric field pattern for two positively charged point charges ne	ar each other
	(01mark)
(b) A gold leaf electroscope carrying a positive charge has a diverging gold leaf. cap is touched,	. When its me
(i) State what is observed.	(01mark)
(ii) Explain the observation in b(i) above	(02mark)



(a) State the principle on v	which a hydraulic press works	(01 mark)
	nich piston A carries a load L and an effort I	
supported when an effort	of piston A is 900 cm ² and of piston B is 3 cn of 24 N is applied.	L (03 marks)
(a) state Ohm's law.		(01 mark)
(b)		
	-	
	bulb	

Fig. 10



(i)	State what is observed when K is closed	
(ii)) Explain your observation in b (i) above	(02maks)
(a) What are complementary colours? (01n	nark)
 (b) What will be the appearance of a yellow dress in a room lit with a b	
) A lens forms an image at 60 cm in front of the lens of an object 5 cr nage is 20 mm, find the distance of the object from the lens.	m tall. If the height of th (02marks)
 (a) What is a sound wave ?	(01mark)

(b) (i) Write down **one** similarity between **light waves** and **sound waves**DOWNLOAD MORE RESOURCES LIKE THIS ON **ECOLEBOOKS.COM**



	raw a wave of a sound note in an open tube producin am, name anodes and antinodes	(02marks)
(a) W	hat is meant by the following terms	
(i)	Wavelength of a longitudinal wave.	(01mar
(ii)	Frequency of a wave.	(01ma
	ketch a displacement time graph of a wave of amplit interval of 1.25 seconds	ude 0.5 cm and frequency 4 Hz
(a) St	ate Newton's first law of motion	(01mark)



releases a 50 kg bag of rice when above the target point. Ho the bag drop on the ground?	w far from the target does (02marks)
(ii) A plane moving horizontally at 40 m s ⁻¹ at a height of 200	
	,
(b) (i) What causes uniform acceleration for a body falling freely.	(01marks)