

**P510/3 physics practical (manipulation of data)**

(write the solutions in the last three pages of your work books)

1. The results below were obtained in an experiment to determine Young's modulus,  $E$ , of the material of the metre rule.

$t = 5.98\text{mm}, b = 2.52\text{cm}$

For  $l_1 = 0.950\text{m}$   $P_0 = 0.434\text{m}, P = 0.130\text{m}$

a) Find the depression  $y_1 = P_0 - P$ .  
For  $l_2 = 0.900\text{m}$   $P_0 = 0.374\text{m}, P = 0.110\text{m}$ .

b) Find the depression  $y_1 = P_0 - P$ .

$$E_1 = \frac{2Mg}{bt^3} \left( \frac{l_1}{y_1} + \frac{l_2}{y_2} \right)$$

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c) Calculate Young's modulus,  $E_1$ , from the expression where

$M = 0.200\text{kg}$  and  $g = 9.81\text{ms}^{-2}$ .

d)

$l(\text{m})$	$P_0(\text{cm})$	$P(\text{cm})$
0.900	19.6	28.5
0.800	19.3	25.1
0.700	18.9	22.9
0.600	18.7	21.0
0.500	18.6	20.1
0.400	18.5	19.3

Draw table including values of  $x = (P - P_0)$  in metres,  $\log_{10}x$  and  $\log_{10}l$ .

e) Plot a graph of  $\log_{10}x$  against  $\log_{10}l$ .

f) Read and record the intercept,  $C$  on the  $\log_{10}l$  a-axis

g) Calculate Young's modulus,  $E_2$ , from the expression,  $C = \log_{10} \left( \frac{mg}{4E_2bt^3} \right)$   
where  $m = 0.500\text{kg}$  and  $g = 9.81\text{ms}^{-2}$ .

h) Calculate Young's modulus,  $E$  from the expression  $E = \frac{1}{2} (E_1 + E_2)$

2. The results below were obtained in an experiment to determine the resistance per metre of the material of the wire.

$l_1 = 30.0\text{cm}$   $l_2 = 70.0\text{cm}$   $I_1 =$

$0.72\text{A}$   $I_2 = 0.42\text{A}$

$V_1 = 1.65\text{V}$   $V_2 = 1.95\text{V}$

a) Calculate the resistance per metre,  $r_1$ , of the material of the wire from the

expression,  $r_1 = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{V_1}{I_1 l_1} + \frac{V_2}{I_2 l_2} \right)$

b)

$x(\text{m})$	$l(\text{cm})$
0.200	25.5
0.300	30.5
0.400	37.4
0.500	42.4
0.600	46.9
0.700	51.9

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- c) Draw table including  $\frac{1}{x}$  values of  $l$  and  $\frac{1}{x}$ .
- d) Plot a graph of  $\frac{1}{l}$  against  $\frac{1}{x}$ .
- e) Find the slope,  $S$  of the graph.
- f) Calculate the resistance per metre,  $r_2$ , from the expression,  $r_2 = \frac{R_S}{S}$  where  $R_S = 5.0\Omega$ .
- g) Calculate the resistance per metre,  $r$ , from the expression,  $r = \frac{r_1 + r_2}{2}$ .

END

